# Axon.ivy 7.4 Axon.ivy Portal Documentation

Axon.ivy 7.4: Axon.ivy Portal Documentation	
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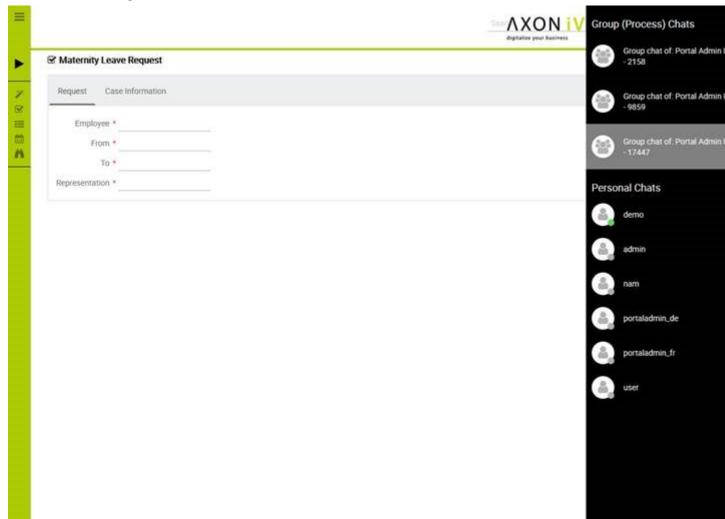
# **Chapter 1. Introduction**

# **Main features**

- Repository of reusable components
- Fast integration of process applications to the portal
- · Provide customers and other system vendors the flexibility to build their own portals, but reuse portal components of Ivy

# **New and Noteworthy**

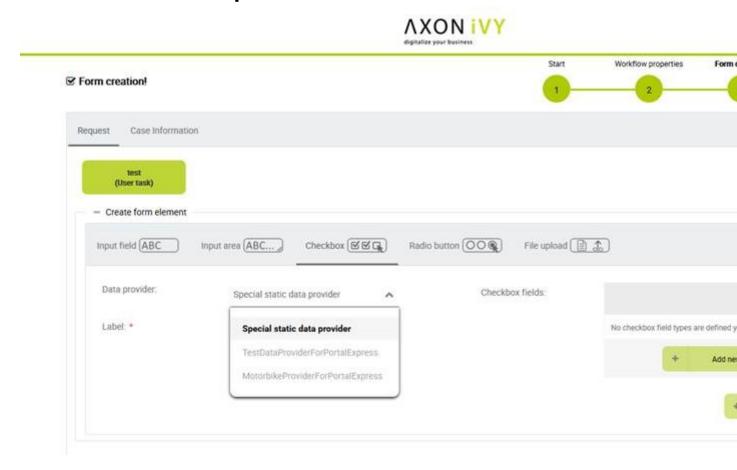
## **Portal Group Chat**



- Specific Case Related Chat
- Activate/Deactivate independently
- Define a Chat Group on runtime
- Define a Chat Group during design
- · Customize the Group Chat Name

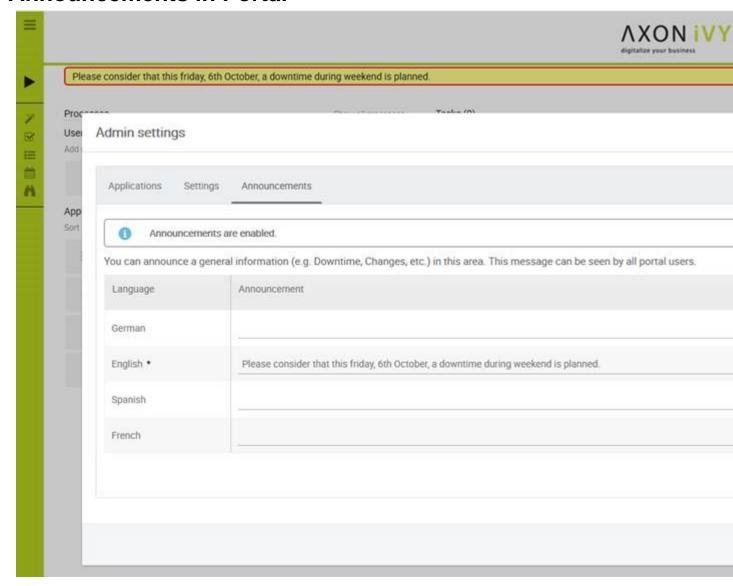
• Chat information is stored and can be used for reporting

# **Data Provider for Express**



- Developers can prepare several Data Providers for Express
- Citizen Developer can use these libraries as Data Provider in Express Workflow creation

#### **Announcements in Portal**



- Announce some important information like Downtimes directly in the portal
- Multilanguage support

## **Further Improvements**

- · Enhance Filter Selection in Task and Case List
- · Chart Title in Dashboard
- Visibility of Done Tasks and Cases
- Enhanced Process List Navigation
- Integrated AdHoc Workflows available

# **Chapter 2. Installation**

## Release installation

#### Installation

The installation section describes all the steps, that are necessary to install and setup the Process Application.

If you install the application for the first time than it's important to start with the Basic installation . It describes all the initial steps, that must be done for the first installation.

#### **Release Installation**

If the application is already installed and initial prepared, than refer to the Release Installation Steps, that are provided, here you will only find those steps, that are necessary to install this release.

### **Basic installation**

## **Project modules**

The application consists of 5 process modules. For detailed information of each module, refer to Architecture.

- PortalStyle
- PortalKit
- · PortalTemplate
- AxonIvyExpress

The project deployment of Ivy project are described in project deployment.

## Server configuration

• The minimum required engine version is 6.0.0.49863

## Specify applications used in Portal

### **General concept**

Portal has 2 different configurations:

- Single mode: The working application must include portalKit, portalTemplate and portalStyle modules.
- **Multi applications mode**: Multiple Portal applications on one engine. Each Portal application must include portalKit, portalTemplate and portalStyle modules.



#### **Important**

• In multi applications mode, if you need overall dashboard, create the standard Portal application with the Portal modules.

#### Manually configure applications

Refer Setup multi portals.



#### **Important**

The engine, installed in the demo mode, automatically deploys the Portal application with default users. You need to deploy it in production mode.

## Default user credentials in demo mode

Portal provides 3 default users:

Username	Password	Description
admin	admin	This user has all Portal permissions, can access to Portal Admin Settings.
demo	demo	This user has permission to manage user absences.
guest	guest	Default normal user of portal.

Table 2.1. Default user credentials

## Role configuration

PortalKit roles	Rights
AXONIVY_PORTAL_ADMIN	User belong to this role can handle AdminUI page, configure
	the internal role properties, create public filters. Users who
	own this role need some permissions. See Permission settings

**Table 2.2. Role configuration** 

# **Permission settings**

#### **Absences**

READ

This function will be disabled if session user does not have IPermission.USER\_READ\_OWN\_ABSENCES and IPermission.USER\_READ\_ABSENCES.

#### CREATE/MODIFY

This function will be disabled if session user does not have IPermission.USER\_CREATE\_OWN\_ABSENCE and IPermission.USER\_CREATE\_ABSENCE.

#### DELETE

This function will be disabled if session user does not have IPermission.USER\_DELETE\_OWN\_ABSENCE and IPermission.USER\_DELETE\_ABSENCE.

#### • MANAGE EVERY USER ABSENCES

User can read, add, delete absences of all users. This function will be disabled if session user does not have all of the following permissions: IPermission.USER\_CREATE\_ABSENCE, IPermission.USER\_DELETE\_ABSENCE, IPermission.USER\_READ\_ABSENCES.

#### **Substitute**

#### • CREATE OWN SUBSTITUTE

This function will be disabled if session user does not have IPermission.USER\_CREATE\_OWN\_SUBSTITUTE and IPermission.USER\_CREATE\_SUBSTITUTE.

#### MANAGE EVERY USER SUBSTITUTES

This function will be disabled if session user does not have IPermission.USER\_CREATE\_SUBSTITUTE or IPermission.USER READ SUBSTITUTES.

#### Personal task permission

#### DELEGATE

User can delegate his personal or group tasks if he has permission TaskWriteActivatorOwnTasks (This permission belongs to Portal permission group and it is not assigned to role Everybody by default). User can delegate all the tasks he see in his task list if he has permission IPermission.TASK\_WRITE\_ACTIVATOR.



#### **Important**

Task state cannot be one of the following: DONE, DESTROYED, RESUMED, FAILED.

This function will be hidden if session user does not have permission PortalPermission.TASK\_DISPLAY\_DELEGATE\_ACTION.

#### ADD NOTE

No permission requires.



#### **Important**

Task state cannot be one of the following: DONE, DESTROYED, RESUMED, FAILED.

#### RESET

This function will be enabled if session user has permission IPermission.TASK\_RESET\_OWN\_WORKING\_TASK or IPermission.TASK\_RESET.



#### **Important**

Task state has to be one of following: RESUMED, PARKED.

This function will be hidden if session user does not have permission PortalPermission.TASK\_DISPLAY\_RESET\_ACTION.

#### RESERVE

This function will be enabled if session user has permission IPermission.TASK\_PARK\_OWN\_WORKING\_TASK.



#### **Important**

Task state has to be  $\ensuremath{\mathtt{RESUMED}}$  .

This function will be hidden if session user does not have permission PortalPermission.TASK\_DISPLAY\_RESERVE\_ACTION.

#### CHANGE TASK NAME

This function will be enabled if session user has IPermission.TASK\_WRITE\_NAME.



#### **Important**

Task state cannot be one of following values: DONE, DESTROYED, FAILED.

CHANGE TASK DESCRIPTION

This function will be enabled if session user has IPermission.TASK WRITE DESCRIPTION.



#### **Important**

Task state cannot be one of following values: DONE, DESTROYED, FAILED.

CHANGE DEADLINE

This function will be enabled if session user has IPermission.TASK\_WRITE\_EXPIRY\_TIMESTAMP.



#### **Important**

Task state cannot be one of following values: DONE, DESTROYED, FAILED.

CHANGE PRIORITY

This function will be disabled if session user does not have IPermission.TASK\_WRITE\_ORIGINAL\_PRIORITY.



#### **Important**

Task state cannot be one of following: DONE, DESTROYED, FAILED.

DISPLAY ADDITIONAL OPTIONS

This function will be hidden if session user does not have permission PortalPermission.TASK\_DISPLAY\_ADDITIONAL\_OPTIONS.

## Personal case permission

ADD NOTE

Add note function will be enabled if case state is RUNNING.

DELETE CASE

Delete case function will be enabled if session user has IPermission.CASE\_DESTROY.



#### **Important**

Case state has to be RUNNING.

• CHANGE CASE NAME

Delete case function will be enabled if session user has  ${\tt IPermission.CASE\_WRITE\_NAME}$  .



#### **Important**

Case state cannot to be: DESTROYED.

CHANGE CASE DESCRIPTION

Delete case function will be enabled if session user has IPermission.CASE\_WRITE\_DESCRIPTION.



#### **Important**

Case state cannot to be: DESTROYED.

#### • SEE RELATED TASKS OF CASE

Session user can see all related tasks of case if he has IPermission.TASK\_READ\_OWN\_CASE\_TASKS or IPermission.TASK READ ALL.



#### **Important**

Case state cannot to be: DESTROYED.

Link to show all tasks of case will be hidden if session user does not have permission PortalPermission.SHOW ALL TASKS OF CASE.

#### DISPLAY SHOW DETAILS LINK

This link will be hidden if session user does not have permission PortalPermission. SHOW\_CASE\_DETAILS. This permission is not assigned to role Everybody by default.

#### Upload/delete document permission

Upload/delete document function will be enabled if session user has IPermission.DOCUMENT\_WRITE or IPermission.DOCUMENT\_OF\_INVOLVED\_CASE\_WRITE.

#### **Express Workflow permission**

CREATE EXPRESS WORKFLOW

Create Express Workflow function will be enabled if session user has PortalPermission.EXPRESS\_CREATE\_WORKFLOW (This permission belongs to Portal permission group, assigned to role Everybody by default).

## Statistics permission

ADD DASHBOARD CHART

Add new charts function will be enabled if session user has PortalPermission.STATISTIC\_ADD\_DASHBOARD\_CHART (This permission belongs to Portal permission group, assigned to role Everybody by default).

ANALYZE TASK

Filter tasks and export data to excel for advanced analysis. This function will be enabled if session user has PortalPermission.STATISTIC\_ANALYZE\_TASK (This permission belongs to Portal permission group and it is not assigned to role Everybody by default).

### Portal general permission

ACCESS TO FULL PROCESS LIST

User cannot see "Processes" on the left menu and link "Show all processes" (on Dashboard) if he does not have permission PortalPermission.ACCESS\_FULL\_PROCESS\_LIST.

· ACCESS TO FULL TASK LIST

User cannot see "Tasks" on the left menu and link "Show full task list" (on Dashboard) if he does not have permission PortalPermission.ACCESS\_FULL\_TASK\_LIST.

#### ACCESS TO FULL CASE LIST

User cannot see "Cases" on the left menu if he does not have permission PortalPermission.ACCESS\_FULL\_CASE\_LIST.

#### • ACCESS TO FULL STATISTIC LIST

User cannot see "Statistics" on the left menu and link "Show all charts" (on Dashboard) if he does not have permission PortalPermission.ACCESS\_FULL\_STATISTICS\_LIST.

#### DISPLAY ADD NOTE BUTTON

This button will be hidden if session user does not have permission PortalPermission.TASK\_CASE\_ADD\_NOTE.

#### • DISPLAY SHOW MORE NOTE BUTTON

This button will be hidden if session user does not have permission PortalPermission.TASK\_CASE\_SHOW\_MORE\_NOTE.

#### Administrator permission can see all tasks/cases in the application

Normal users can only see their tasks/cases they can work on.

Administrator can see all tasks/cases in the application.

Permissions needed: IPermission.TASK\_READ\_ALL, IPermission.CASE\_READ\_ALL.

# Administrator permission can interact with all workflows in the application

Normal users can updates and deletes workflows which created by him and can interact with workflow's task which assigned to him.

Administrator can creates, updates and deletes all workflows in the application.

#### Global variables

Variable	Default value	Description
Portal Start Time Clean Obsoleted Data Expression	006**?	Cron expression define the time to clean up data of obsoleted users. E.g.: expression for at 6AM every day is 0 0 6 * * ? . Refer to crontrigger . Restart Ivy engine after changing this variable.
PortalDeleteAllFinishedHiddenCases	false	If set to true, the cron job runs daily (at 6.AM as default) will clean all finished hidden cases in engine. Otherwise, just hidden cases which were generated by Portal will be deleted.
PortalHiddenTaskCaseExcluded	true	By default, Portal will query tasks and cases which don't have hide information. Set it to false, portal will ignore this additional property.

#### Table 2.3. Global variables

#### Look and feel

Portal doesn't use Modena theme from version 6.3.

• Yes/Ok buttons on the left, No/Cancel buttons on the right

# **Migration notes**

This document informs you in detail about incompatibilities that were introduced between Portal versions and tells you what needs to be done to make your existing Portal working with current Axon.ivy engine.

## How to migrate



#### **Important**

If you call any Portal API which is not mentioned in document. It could be changed or removed. Re-implement it in your own project.

In order to migrate Portal, you need to migrate Axon.ivy, refer Axon.ivy migration notes. Changes in Axon.ivy could lead to problems if customer project is not migrated properly.

#### In designer

- 1. Replace all Portal projects
- 2. Update PortalTemplate dependency of customer project in pom.xml.
- 3. If PortalStyle is customized, copy logo, customization.less, font-faces.less, customized stuff from old to new PortalStyle, run maven to compile CSS.
- 4. Follow migration notes.
- 5. If customization needs copying code from Portal, merge changes between 2 version of Portal for copied code.



#### **Important**

- Scenario migrating one customer project without customization: Follow guidelines to step 2.
- Scenario migrating one customer project with supported customization: Follow the guidelines.
- Scenario migrating one customer project with (un)supported customization: Follow guidelines for supported customization. If unsupported customization needs copying code from Portal, merge changes between 2 versions of Portal for copied code. Take care your own unsupported customization.

### In engine

- Convert database schema if needed.
- 2. If your ivy version is before 7.3.0: deactivate standard Portal application if it's not needed.
- 3. Redeploy Portal projects (exclude PortalConnector) and customer project.
- 4. Follow migration notes to migrate data, if any.

## Migrate to 7.4.0

From 7.4.0, CaseTemplate is deprecated and we don't support it anymore. If you are using CaseTemplate, please do consider to migrate to TaskTemplate manually.

### Migrate to 7.3.0

From 7.3.0, Portal supports some permissions to show/hide left menu item, if you override LoadSubMenuItems process and want to use these permissions, refer to Customization for more detail.

There is a small change when initializing statistic chart, so if you override DefaultChart.mod, have a look at its note to see what is changed.

Portal connector is removed, so there are many things related to it must be adjusted. Check this list below

- All Remote\* classes are removed, replaced by the Ivy classes: ICase, ITask, IUser, IApplication, etc..
- Use BuildTaskQuery and BuildCaseQuery callable process instead of BuildTaskJsonQuery and BuildCaseJsonQuery.
- If you override TaskLazyDataModel, remove extendSortTasksInNotDisplayedTaskMap method. Use criteria field instead of queryCriteria or searchCriteria, use adminQuery field instead of ignoreInvolvedUser.
- If you override CaseLazyDataModel: remove extendSortCasesInNotDisplayedTaskMap method. Use criteria field instead of queryCriteria or searchCriteria, use adminQuery field instead of ignoreInvolvedUser.
- If you override ChangePassword.mod: change process call from MultiPortal/ PasswordService:changePasswordService(String,String) to Ivy Data Processes/ PasswordService:changePassword(String,String).

#### Migrate hidden task and case to 7.3.0

Portal 7.0.10 has option to store hidden information in custom field of task and case instead of additional property for better performance. Other versions of Portal store these info in additional property.

If you use hide task/case feature, you need to follow these steps:

- 1. Deploy this project MigrateHiddenTaskCase.iar to all your portal applications.
- 2. In each application, run start process MigrateHiddenTaskCase to migrate.
- 3. It's optional to clean up redundant data. After migration finishes successfully, run start process RemoveHideAdditionalProperty in each application to clean up HIDE additional property. It will delete HIDE additional property of all tasks and cases in current application, so be careful with it.

## Migrate 7.1.0 to 7.2.0

Portal needs Apache POI for exporting to Excel features.

If you override task widget's data query described at How to override task widget's data query, follow these steps to migrate

- Add new start method with signature buildTaskJsonQuery(Boolean) in your overridden file of BuildTaskJsonQuery.mod (refer to original file BuildTaskJsonQuery.mod).
- If you customized TaskLazyDataModel, change withStartSignature("buildTaskJsonQuery() to withStartSignature("buildTaskJsonQuery(Boolean)").withParam("isQueryForHomePage", compactMode) in your customized TaskLazyDataModel class.

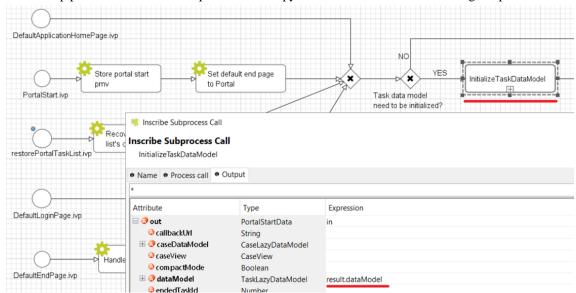
There are some changes (DefaultApplicationHomePage, DefaultLoginPage, GlobalSearch) in PortalStart process of Portal Template. If you have customized this process in your project, copy the new PortalStart from Portal Template to your project and re-apply your customization.



#### **Important**

In case you already have PortalStart process in your project, delete all elements in that process and copy everything from PortalStart process of Portal Template (to prevent start link id change). Do not delete PortalStart process in your project and copy new again.

Check map param result of callable process after copy to make sure it's the same as original process.



EXPIRY\_CHART\_LAST\_DRILLDOWN\_LEVEL global variable is removed. User now can use a context menu to drilldown Task By Expiry chart.

## Migrate 7.0.3 to 7.0.5 (or 7.1.0)

There are some changes in PortalStart process of Portal Template. If you have customized this process in your project, copy the new PortalStart from Portal Template to your project and re-apply your customization.

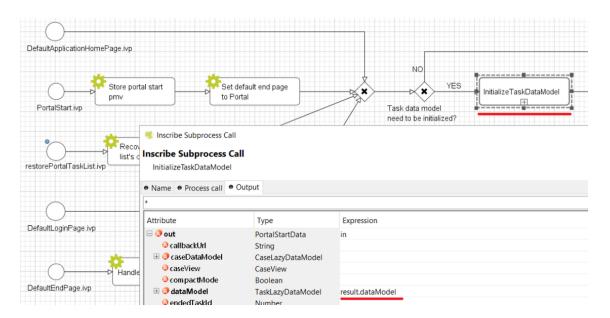
We introduce new method findStartableLinkByUserFriendlyRequestPath(String requestPath) in ProcessStartCollector class. If your project has customized Default user process, use this method to generate link to your process. If user doesn't have permission to start the process, this method will return empty string.



#### **Important**

In case you already have PortalStart process in your project, delete all elements in that process and copy everything from PortalStart process of Portal Template (to prevent start link id change). Do not delete PortalStart process in your project and copy new again.

Check map param result of callable process after copy to make sure it's the same as original process.



## Migrate 7.0.2 to 7.0.3

If you have additional columns in your customized task widget, refer Task widget to adapt your customization in taskHeader section.

## Migrate 7.0.1 to 7.0.2

In PortalStyle\pom.xml, update project-build-plugin version to 7.1.0 and run maven to compile CSS.

If changing password is customized, change method call PasswordService.mod#changePassword(String,String) to PasswordService.mod#changePasswordService(String, String) in this customization.

Custom fields in Portal task list can now be sorted properly. The method extendSort() of TaskLazyDataModel is changed to have a taskQuery parameter. If you override this method, change your code to use the new parameter instead of using the criteria taskQuery.

Portal does not have separate full task list in the homepage anymore. It's mean that you don't have to customize the task list in /layouts/DefaultHomePageTemplate.xhtml. You can remove your task list customization code in PortalHome.xhtml.

If you have added new language to Portal by adding cms entry /AppInfo/SupportedLanguages in your project. Move this entry to Portal Style.

## Migrate 7.0.0 to 7.0.1

**Ajax error handling**: By default, Portal handles all exceptions from ajax requests. Old configuration, customization of ajax error handling should be removed.

## Migrate 6.x to 7.0.0

If you copy the PortalStart process or the PortalHome HTMLDialog for customizations, adapt the changes:

- The whole process is refactored to be clearer. So it is recommended that you copy it again.
- New process is introduced: restorePortalTaskList.ivp
- PortalStart: some new ivy scripts are added to handle the navigation back to the same page before starting a task.

• PortalHome: The taskView parameter is added to the start method.

#### **SQL** conversion

From Portal 7.0, we use standard axon.ivy Task Category field to store task category.

To migrate task categories, deploy MigrateTaskCategorySample.iar to your application and run Migrate Task Category process to:

- 1. Migrate data from column customVarCharField5 to category for all tasks in the application.
- 2. Delete leftover data in customVarCharField5 of all tasks in the application.
- 3. Create CMS entries for task categories in the application.

If you have queries which referring to task category, plese replace customVarCharField5() part with category() part.

### Migrate 6.4 or 6.5 to 6.6

- Task header is supported to be customized. The useOverride param, which is used to override the task item's body, is changed to useOverrideBody
- If you customize TaskLazyDataModel, remove that customized class and customize as How to override task widget's data query.

## **Migrate 6.4 to 6.5**

- If compilation error "The type org.apache.axis2.databinding.ADBBean cannot be resolved" occurs, refer Project compilation classpath to fix.
- The relative link in default user processes starts with ivy context path instead of "pro". If there are customized default user processes, append context path at the beginning. E.g. in Portal 6.4, it is /pro/.../PortalStart.ivp. In Portal 6.5, change it to /ivy/pro/.../PortalStart.ivp. You may use : ivy.html.startref(...) or RequestUriFactory.createProcessStartUri(...) to generate links.

## Migrate 6.x (x < 4) to 6.4 (Jakobshorn)

### Portal appearance

Portal 6.4 are redesigned. Therefore many components look different from the previous version like menu, task list, case list ... . Portal BasicTemplate does not use p:layout and p:layoutUnit anymore. You may need to adapt your pages to this change.

For now the menu customization is not supported.

From 6 . 4 , Portal applies LESS to support customizing Portal styles. You can customize colors, fonts and Portal's component styles. For more information about customizing Portal's style with LESS, refer to PortalStyle customization (logos, colors, date patterns) .

Steps to migrate

- 1. Copy PortalStyle/webContent/resources of Portal 6 . 4 to PortalStyle/webContent/resources of the current Portal.
- 2. Modify PortalStyle/webContent/resources/less/theme.less, update value of @body-background-color for the background color and @menu-color for the menu, button color.
- 3. Put custom styles to PortalStyle/webContent/resources/less/customization.less.

- 4. Add properties and plugins which are defined in PortalStyle/pom.xml of Portal 6 . 4 to PortalStyle/pom.xml of the current Portal.
- 5. Run the maven command mvn lesscss:compile in PortalStyle to build CSS file.
- 6. PortalStyle/webContent/resources/css/theme.css is obsolete, remove it.

## Migrate 5.0 (Rothorn) to 6.0 (Säntis)

#### **Database conversion**

If you are using Portal 5.0, you have to manual configure all settings (create servers, applications, variables) again since Portal now doesn't use external database. All settings on from Portal 6.0 are stored in Ivy system database. If you are using Portal 6.0, you don't need to convert database.

#### Portal appearance

Portal now doesn't use Modena theme, it's a big difference to previous 6.0. Therefore many things in Portal 5.0 and 6.0 will not look the same in new Portal. Many things have been redesigned like menu, task list, case list ...

## Release notes

This part lists all relevant changes since the last official product releases of Axon.ivy.

## Changes in 7.4

- · New Portal Chat is introduced, now Portal supports Group chat and Private chat, refer to Portal chat for more detail
- Portal group id is officially configurable, refer to Change group id for more detail
- CaseTemplate is removed, from now on we only use TaskTemplate. Please refer to Migration notes to see how to migrate CaseTemplate to TaskTemplate

## Changes in 7.3

- Remove PortalConnector, query data via Ivy API directly to increase performance, refer to Migration Notes
- Provide the mobile pages. The default page is task list, refer to Mobile Default Page for the customization.
- Provide more permissions to show/hide menu, button and link in Portal, refer to Permission settings for more detail.
- Hide Statistic widget can be configured in Admin setting.
- Hide technical task / case can be configured using additional property or custom field (more performance).

## Changes in 7.2

- · Introduce variables to customize task priority and state colors and header bar colors
- Introduce new page: Global search result, and supports the customization
- Override DefaultApplicationHomePage.ivp, DefaultLoginPage.ivp, DefaultEndPage.ivp processes, refer to Replacement Project, check migration notes if you have the customized PortalStart.ivp process.
- Check permission when upload/delete document. User needs permission IPermission.DOCUMENT\_WRITE or IPermission.DOCUMENT\_OF\_INVOLVED\_CASE\_WRITE to upload/delete document.

- Support disable upload/delete document when a case is done. This function can be configured by HIDE\_UPLOAD\_DOCUMENT\_FOR\_DONE\_CASE setting.
- Support configure upload file extension whitelist. Only file extensions appear in this list are allowed to upload to Portal. This function can be configured by UPLOAD\_DOCUMENT\_WHITELIST\_EXTENSION setting.
- Support script checking function for upload file. You can enable/disable this function by configuring ENABLE SCRIPT CHECKING FOR UPLOADED DOCUMENT setting.

## Changes in 7.1

- Support client side timeout: informs user when session is about to expire and auto logout when expired.
- Hide technical cases (the HIDE additional property is set), so that they and their related task are not displayed in any Portal
  case lists.
- · More search criteria for user in Case list are added and allowed to customize.
- User can add new language. Refer to Language settings for detail.
- Axon ivy express has custom end page. It can be turned off or customized.
- User can create default start process with permission check. If the user doesn't have permission to start the process, it won't appear in favorite processes. Refer to Default user process for detail.

## Changes in 7.0 (Jakobshorn)

- More search criteria for user in Task list are added and allowed to customize.
- Task delegate customization is supported
- The same task list is displayed before and after a task. Set default end page to another project to remove this feature.
- Task category of Portal is now stored in new Task category field of ivy.
  - Refer to Migration notes to learn how to migrate data from customVarCharField5 to new category field.
- Hide technical tasks (the HIDE additional property is set), so that they are not displayed in any Portal task lists.
- · Change password is supported to be customized. Refer to Change password process to know how to customize this feature.

## Changes in 6.6 (Jakobshorn)

- Task widget's customization is extended with task header and task data query.
- Hide technical roles (the HIDE property is set), so that they are not displayed anywhere (e.g. delegate, absence mgmt). The default hidden role is AXONIVY PORTAL ADMIN

## Changes in 6.0 (Säntis)

- Portal has 2 level menu with animation.
- All components such as button, text field ...have been re-styled, not applied Modena's styles.
- Support responsiveness with 3 screen widths: 1920, 1366 and 1024. Refer to Responsiveness for more details.
- Some customizations are not supported in this release: main menu, case header.

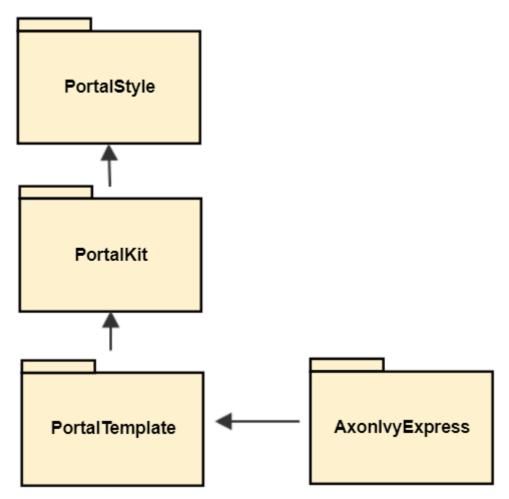
# Chapter 3. Architecture



#### **Important**

The css styles, java methods, etc., which are not documented, are only used internally in Portal. Don't use them because they can be changed in next versions.

Currently Portal system contains the following modules:



## **Portal kit**

Contains set of UI components. This module contains set of JSF Ivy Component to provide user the usages to work with Ivy Process Data such as: task, case, absence..., styles CSS and JavaScript file for component and theme library. This is the most important module that user needs to use Portal. This module also contains AdminSettings component that is used to configure Portal.

# Portal style

Contains definition of styles that can be overridden/customized later. As now Portal supports user to customize various colors of the layout such as: background color, text color, border color, button color, focus/hover color. In the current version you have to change each color one by one. There are no common color definitions.



#### Note

This module is prepared for process developers to override and keep customer styles by editing CSS file, CMS's style.

# Portal template

Provides default portal's templates and pages. This module contains templates page for Portal's user to use as composition, then they will have supporting features such as: top menu, application menu, user menu. It also contains some start process links to default page such as: Portal home, Portal task list, Portal case list.... Portal's user is advised to depend on this module to use Portal easily.

# **Axon.ivy Express**

The idea is that user can create his own process and can manage it easily, it gives user more flexibility when working with Portal.

This project is an extended project from PortalTemplate. It provides:

- · Ability to create his/her own workflow
- · Tools to create and modify the web form for his workflow

# **Chapter 4. Components**

# Widget concept

## **Before beginning**

This guide assumes that you are already familiar with concepts inherent in JSF programming and in Ivy development.

#### Introduction

This document provides a high-level explanation of how to develop a Portal widget. The ability to use Portal services and styles can be particularly useful to developers who wish to do one or more of the following:

- Create their own widgets for Portal which have a consistent look and feel with the existing widgets.
- Reuse existing portal services to create their own widgets which can manipulate Portal data, such as: cases, tasks, process starts, users,...

#### How it is

This section introduces the Html Dialog Component and Portal services, predefined styles used in building a widget, and goes on to describe the process of designing and implementing.

Portal widgets should be implemented using the **Html Dialog Component** technology from Axon.ivy and follow the famous model-view-controller pattern.

Furthermore, to have a clean architecture and avoid a lot of headaches going forward, we suggest that you should separate your widget into layers like below:

· Entities

Entities are the business objects of the widget. They encapsulate the most general and high-level rules. They are the least likely to change when something external changes. (e.g.: by a change to page navigation, or security).

• Use Cases

Use case are widget specific business rules. This layer encapsulates and implements all of the use case of the widget. Changes in this layer should not affect the entities. This layer should not be affected by changes to externalities such as the Portal services, the UI, or any of the common frameworks.

· Interfaces Adapters

Interfaces Adapters are set of adapters that convert data from the format most convenient for the use cases and entities, to the format most convenient for some external agency such as the database or the web. Similarly, data is converted, in this layer, from the form most convenient for entities and use case, into the form most convenient for whatever persistence framework is being used. (The presenters, views, and controllers all belong in here. The models are likely just data structures that are passed from the controllers to the use case, and then back from the use cases to the presenters and views.)

· Frameworks and Drivers

This layer is generally composed of frameworks and tools such as the database, the web framework, Portal services, etc. This layer is where all the details go. The Web is a detail. The Portal services are detail. We keep these thing on the outside where they can do little harm.



#### Tip

There's no rule that says you must always have just the four layers above. However, you should always apply that the source code dependencies point from mechanisms to policies:

Frameworks and Drivers > Interfaces Adapters > User Cases > Entities

By doing so, you will create a widget that is intrinsically testable, independent of frameworks, independent of UI, independent of database, and independent of any external agency. When any of the external parts of the system become obsolete, like the database, or the web framework, you can replace those obsolete elements with a minimum of fuss.

## Main technology and concept

You should have an understanding of the following technology and concept as you build your widget:

- Managed Beans: in Html Dialog Component it is possible to communicate with normal Java Objects by using Managed Beans.
- User Dialog Concept: an Html Dialog Component follows the model-view-controller pattern of the User Dialog Concept.
  - Model is a data class whose data fields can be bound to widget properties of the view via the special object data.
  - Controller is implemented by a series of UI processes that can be mapped to events on the view such as mouse clicks. Axon.ivy provides the keyword logic to call an event process or a method process in the logic.
  - · View of an Html Dialog is defined with the means of an XHTML document.

#### **Services**

There are separate services for working with each type of data:

- Application Services: set of services for getting information about applications.
- Absence Services: set of services for manipulating the user's absence.
- Case Services: set of services for working with cases and related data, such as: additional properties, notes,...
- Task Services: set of services for working with tasks.
- Process Start Services: set of services for querying process starts from the Portal system.
- Security Services: set of services for querying users and roles.
- User Setting Services: set of services for manipulating the user settings and related data, such as: email settings, language settings.
- Portal Configuration Services: set of services for controlling the Portal configuration.

## **Built-in widgets**

Portal comes with some useful widgets:

Task widget

Below is the sample how the task widget being use in the default template:

```
<ui:define name="taskWidget">
<ic:ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.component.TaskWidget
tasks="#{logic.getTasksOfSessionUser()}" ... />
</ui:define>
```

Process widget

Below is the sample how the process widget being use in the default template:

#### 3. Statistic widget

Below is the sample how the statistic widget being use in the default template:

Portal setup these widget with the default settings for you, but you can always re-define them in order to match with your needs. Moreover, if you want to turn off a built-in widget, you can simply leave its ui:define container empty like this:

```
<ui:define name="taskWidget">
<!-- leave it empty -->
</ui:define>
```

## **Predefined styles**

There are separate common styles are predefined to ensure every Portal widget has a consistent structure and appearance:

```
<div class="widget">
<div class="widget-header">

...
...
...
...
...

</pr
```

```
...
</div>
</div>
<div class="widdget-footer">
...
</div>
</div>
```

#### **Flow**

The general flow for developing a widget for portal is as follows:

- 1. Design your widget, deciding which parts to implement in Ivy component, and which parts to implement as pure JSF.
- 2. Create an Html Dialog Component.

The following code fragment defines an example Html Dialog component:

```
<cc:interface componentType="IvyComponent">
<cc:attribute name="caption" />
</cc:interface>
<cc:implementation>
...
</cc:implementation>
A component could be inserted with the ic tag.
<ic:my.namespace.ComponentName ... />
```

For more information, see the Html Dialog Component section in Axon.ivy Designer - Help: **Designer Guide > User Interface > User Dialogs > Html Dialogs** 

- 3. If you are writing a widget, which manipulates task, case,... consider using Portal built-in services.
- 4. Optionally, your widgets can have their own configuration. There are separate methods for manipulating widget configuration:
  - You can initiate or update your widget configuration by passing an JSON object to saveSettings().
  - You can load your widget configuration by calling loadSettings().

### Integration

The general flow for integrating a widget into Portal homepage is as follows:

1. Create a new home page which uses the DefaultHomePageTemplate.xhtml template. By doing this, your new home page will inherit the widget from the previous home page and has a place holder for your own widgets. Your custom home page should look like below:

```
<ui:composition template="/layouts/DefaultHomePageTemplate.xhtml" xmlns="http://
www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"</pre>
```

- 2. Create a new process start for the new home page. Now you will use this process start as the entry point of your portal instead of the default one. To let portal know about your new portal home, you have to go to the portal settings and set the portal home url to the new one.
- 3. In your new home page, place your widget inside the customWidget section.

```
<ui:define name="customWidget">
<ic:my.namespace.ComponentName ... />
...
</ui:define>
```

For more details, visit Portal home.

## **Exception handling**

Portal separates exception into 2 types: ajax and non-ajax exception.

Portal handle non-ajax exception for you. You do not need to do anything for this type of exception.

Portal also handle ajax exception for you as default, but you can implement your own exception handler by using the Primefaces built-in exception handler: p:ajaxExceptionHandler.

## Layout templates

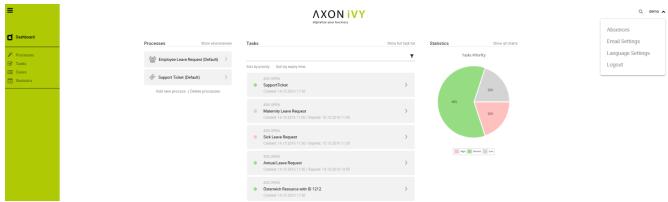
## Templates for development

Your Portal Project is dependent on PortalTemplate project, in which there are 7 templates that can be used directly.

- 1. Basic template
- 2. Two column template
- 3. Task template
- 4. Case template
- 5. Task list template
- 6. Case list template
- 7. Default homepage template

These templates have the same header, which is a menu of applications that you configure in Administration page. Since version 6.4, Portal officially supports responsiveness for 3 resolutions: iMac (1920\*1050), iPad (1366\*1024) iPad Portrait: (1024\*1366), every templates has its default responsiveness, you can refer to Responsiveness to override it. Besides, there

are user settings like: Absences, Email, Language Settings and Administration (for admin only). Details about user settings can be found in Settings.



## **Basic template**

Basic template provides basic layout where user can put their custom content. It lacks Portal menu and Case details. We recommend to use task template for your process.

#### How to use Basic template

1. Create a new HTML User Dialog and then use ui:composition to define the template inside and reuse the default responsiveness behavior. To override it, please use pageContent instead of simplePageContent and Responsiveness.

```
<ui:composition template="/layouts/BasicTemplate.xhtml">
<ui:define name="pageTitle">Sample Page</ui:define>
<ui:define name="simplePageContent">
This is sample content.
</ui:define>
</ui:composition>
```

2. See the result after using Basic template for example:



## Two column template

Two column template inherits Basic Template. It has 2 columns which user can customize their contents. Normally, the first column is for navigation, the second for displaying corresponding content.

### How to use Two column template

1. Create a HTML User Dialog, define template in ui:composition and insert content of second column and third column using ui:define.

```
<ui:composition template="/layouts/TwoColumnTemplate.xhtml">
<ui:define name="pageTitle">Sample Page</ui:define>
<ui:define name="navigationRegion">
Navigation Region
</ui:define>
<ui:define name="contentRegion">
Content Region
</ui:define>
</ui:composition>
```

2. See the result after using Two column template for example:



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Navigation Region

Content Region

## Task template

Task template is used for displaying task functionality and related information to support completing the task. There are a lot of regions to be filled with your custom content:

- · Request name
- · Process chain
- Errors
- Information
- · Dynamic tabs
- · Request form
- · Case information tab
- · Buttons at footer

### How to use template TaskTemplate.xhtml

1. Create a new HTML User Dialog and then use ui:composition to define template which you use inside.

```
<ui:composition template="/layouts/TaskTemplate.xhtml">
```

2. Set task value so that the taskName is available to users where they can see the task name of request. It is mandatory.

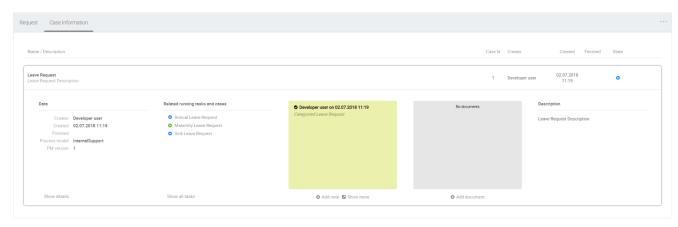
```
<ui:param name="task" value="#{ivy.task}" />
```



3. Set caseId value so that the Case information tab is available to users where they can see info of case, documents, related tasks and history. It is mandatory.

<ui:param name="caseId" value="#{ivy.case.id}" />

Maternity Leave Request (#4)



4. Set data to actualStepIndex and steps variables which are used for ProcessChain component in template. It is mandatory.

<ui:param name="actualStepIndex" value="#{data.actualStepIndex}" />
<ui:param name="steps" value="#{data.steps}" />

 Maternity Leave Request (#4)



5. Set data to processChainDirection variable to set direction for for ProcessChain component in template. There are two values: "HORIZONTAL" and "VERTICAL". Direction of ProcessChain component is "HORIZONTAL" by default.

<ui:param name="processChainDirection" value="#{VERTICAL}" />

6. Set data to processChainShape variable to set shape for for ProcessChain component in template. There are two values: "CIRCLE" and "LINE". Shape of ProcessChain component is "CIRCLE" by default.

<ui:param name="processChainShape" value="#{LINE}" />



7. Inserts contents for taskName, errorsZone, infoZone. It is optional.

```
<ui:define name="taskName">...</ui:define>
<ui:define name="errorsZone">...</ui:define>
<ui:define name="infoZone">...</ui:define>
```

8. Inserts some new tabs, refers some segment of code as below. If your application has multiple tabs, use it and turn off request form by set showTaskFormTab to false.

```
<ui:param name="showTaskFormTab" value="false" />
<ui:define name="dynamicTabs">
<p:tab title="My first tab">
<p:inputText id="first-name" value="#{data.firstname}"/>
</p:tab>
<p:tab title="My second tab">
<p:inputText id="last-name" value="#{data.lastname}"/>
</p:tab>
</ui:define>
```

9. Overwrite contents of default tab. Use it when your application need only 1 tab.

```
<ui:define name="taskForm">
<h:form>
<p:outputLabel name="myCustomLabel" />
...
</h:form>
</ui:define>
```



 Set visible/invisible for default tab case information. Set following variables as true if you want to visible and vice versa.

```
<ui:param name="showCaseStatusInfoTab" value="true" />
```

11. Inserts left buttons and right buttons which stay at the bottom of the page. It is optional. You can use it to define your action button. Consider using partialSubmit to submit your data im tabs.

## Case template

Case template is similar to Task Template in both UI and usage. The difference is it is used for displaying case details functionality.

### How to use case template

Create a new HTML User Dialog and then use ui:composition to define template which you use inside.

```
<ui:composition template="/layouts/CaseTemplate.xhtml">
```

## Default homepage template

Default homepage template is used to create pages that have the look as default homepage of Portal. Besides, users can customize it by disabling default widgets, add new widgets, change position of widgets. For more details including basic and advanced customization, refer to Portal home

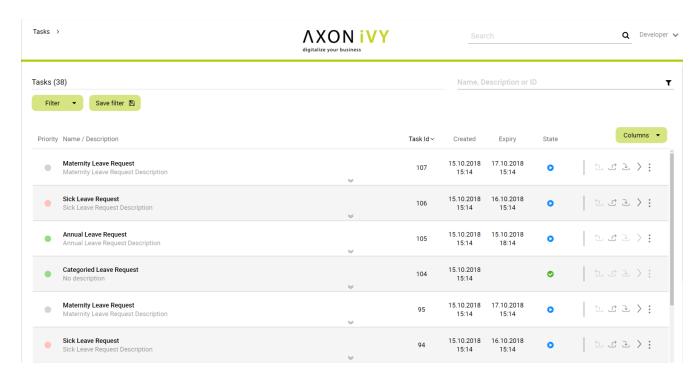
## How to use default homepage template

Create a new HTML User Dialog and then use ui:composition to define template.

```
<ui:composition template="/layouts/DefaultHomePageTemplate.xhtml">
```

## Task list template

Task list template is used to display task list where user can see tasks and their details.



#### How to use task list template

1. Create a new HTML User Dialog and then use ui:composition to define template.

List").hideTaskFilter(true).category(category)
.showHeaderToolbar(false).createNewTaskView();

```
<ui:composition template="/layouts/PortalTasksTemplate.xhtml">
</ui:composition>
```

2. Data class of this dialog should have an attribute named taskView with type ch.ivy.addon.portal.generic.view.TaskView. By changing this attribute, user can modify title of the task list widget, collected tasks (through dataModel) and more. The following is a sample to build a taskView.

```
import ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.datamodel.TaskLazyDataModel;
import ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.bo.MainMenuNode;
import ch.ivy.addon.portal.generic.view.TaskView;

TaskLazyDataModel dataModel = new TaskLazyDataModel();
dataModel.setAdminQuery(true);
dataModel.setSortField(ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.enums.TaskSortField.PRIORITY.toString(),true);

MainMenuNode category = new MainMenuNode();
category.setValue("My Task List");

out.taskView = TaskView.create().dataModel(dataModel).pageTitle("My Task
```

## Case list template

Case list template is used to display case list where user can see cases and their details.



#### How to use case list template

1. Create a new HTML User Dialog and then use ui:composition to define template.

```
<ui:composition template="/layouts/PortalCasesTemplate.xhtml">
</ui:composition>
```

 Data class of this dialog should have an attribute named caseView with type ch.ivy.addon.portal.generic.view.CaseView. By changing this attribute, user can modify title of the case list widget, collected cases (through dataModel) and more. The following is an example to build a caseView.

```
import ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.datamodel.CaseLazyDataModel;
import ch.ivy.addon.portal.generic.view.CaseView;

CaseLazyDataModel dataModel = new CaseLazyDataModel();

out.caseView = CaseView.create().dataModel(dataModel).withTitle("My Cases").buildNewView();
```

## Handle required Login in templates

All templates require login to access by default. But templates also provide functionality to access page without login by adding the isNotRequiredLogin parameter.

## How to handle required login in template

1. Create a new HTML User Dialog and then use ui:param to define the template inside

```
<ui:composition template="/layouts/BasicTemplate.xhtml">
<ui:param name="isNotRequiredLogin" value="#{data.isNotRequiredLogin}" />
<ui:define name="pageContent">
This is sample content.
</ui:define>
```

```
</ui:composition>
```

2. Result after using template for example (All user settings and application menus will not visible).

## Responsiveness

Since version 6.4, Portal officially supports responsiveness for 3 screen widths: iMac(width 1920), iPad landscape(width 1366) and iPad portrait(width 1024).

To apply your styles for the above resolutions, you can add your own media query css:

```
/* Small screen */ @media screen and (max-width: 1365px) {/*....*/}

/* Medium screen */ @media screen and (min-width: 1366px) and (max-width: 1919px)
{/*....*/},

/* Large screen */ @media screen and (min-width: 1920px) {/*.....*/}
```

In Portal's new design, the main container's width should be changed according to menu state (expand/colapse).

To adapt the change, you need to initialize the ResponsiveToolkit Javascript object and introduce 3 objects to handle 3 screen resolutions and each object has to implement the updateMainContainer method.

Portal templates define their own responsiveness, you can redefine the footer section to override:

E.g. Initialize ResponsiveToolkit for TaskList page.

```
<ui:define name="footer">

<script type="text/javascript">

$(function(){

var taskListLargeScreen = new TaskListLargeScreenHandler();

var taskListMediumScreen = new TaskListMediumScreenHandler();

var taskListSmallScreen = new TaskListSmallScreenHandler();

var responsiveToolkit = ResponsiveToolkit(taskListLargeScreen, taskListMediumScreen, taskListSmallScreen);

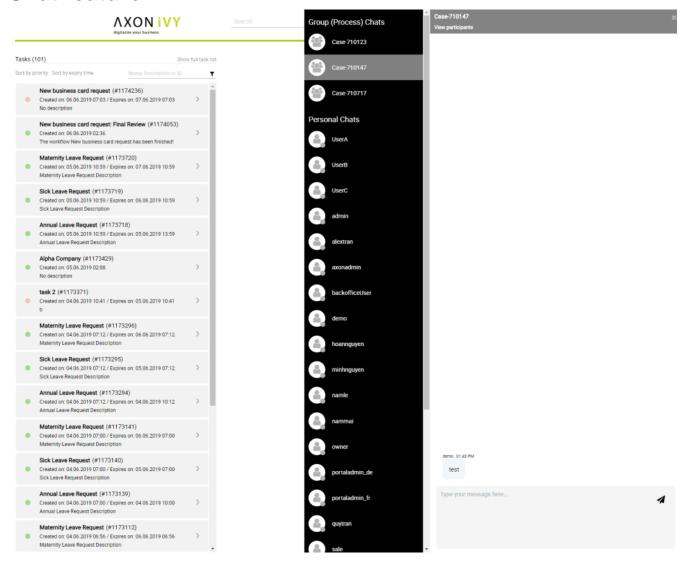
Portal.init(responsiveToolkit);

});

</script>
</ui:define>
```

## **Portal chat**

#### **Chat feature**



## Information

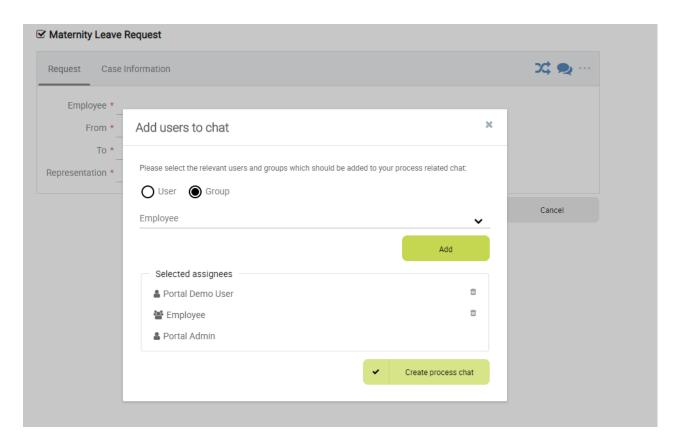
Chat feature is reimplemented from Ivy 7.4.

There are two modes of chat: Group chat and Private chat. Both features are disabled by default.

- 1. You can turn on private chat with this Global setting: ENABLE\_PRIVATE\_CHAT.
- 2. You can turn on group chat with this Global setting: **ENABLE\_GROUP\_CHAT**.

After turn on group chat feature, go to any task using Task Template, you will see the chat group icon there.

Click on group chat icon, the dialog will appear to choose members of group chat. Members could be users or roles.





#### Tip

Group chat supports some customizations, refer to Group chat customization for more details.

3. If browsers access Portal through a reverse proxy Nginx, set Global setting **CHAT\_RESPONSE\_TIMEOUT** a number less than Nginx timeout to make chat work properly.

### **Limitation of current Portal chat**

- 1. Do not support multiple tabs. For each browser, user is able to open 1 Portal tab if he enables Portal chat.
- 2. Do not support multiple applications. User is able to chat with other users in current application, cannot chat with users in other application.

# **Error handling**

In this section, we introduce 2 kinds of errors, when and how to handle them in Portal.

- Ajax error: this kind of errors occur during a JSF ajax requests, for example when the user clicks on the show full mode button to tell the task widget switches to full mode, without handling the end user would not get any form of feedback if the action was successfully performed or not.
- Non-ajax error: this kind of errors occur when user access to Portal from a url which could not be handled successfully
  by server side, or being navigated by a corrupted url. For example, when the user clicks on a link to start a task which
  does not exist

## Ajax error handling

#### Introduction

By default, Portal handles all exceptions from ajax requests.

When an exception occurs, Portal will show an error notification with the exception type and message to end user. The exception details is available when user click on show details button.

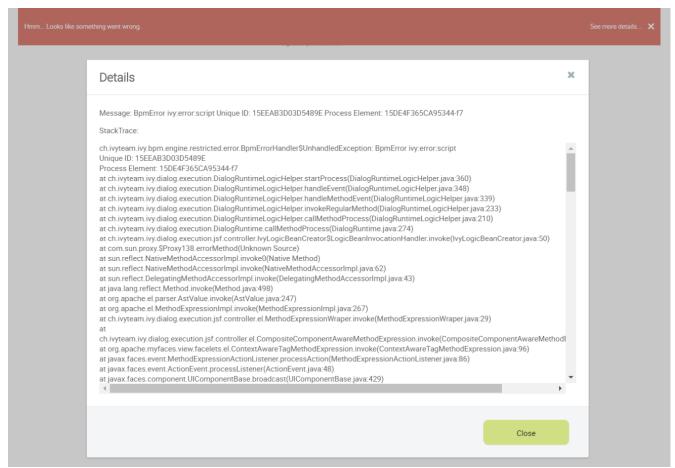
Stacktrace on error messages can be showed/hid depend on ivy system property Errors. ShowDetailsToEndUser.



#### **Note**

This feature is only available if using the portal default template: BasicTemplate or its extension.

#### Result



## Non-ajax error handling

#### Introduction

By default, when the server has any error such as: HTTP 404, HTTP 500, or exception while page's loading, AxonIvyEngine will show an default error page. E.g.:



# Error (Http Status Code 500)

ServletException

dialog instance with id 15281D222F40B7C0EB0 is not available any more

! Open Error Report

Powered by Axon.ivy Copyright © ivyTeam

You can find content of this page is the file located on \${AxonIvyEngineFolder}/webapp/ivy/ivy-error-page.xhtml, but the error page is not user friendly, too much technical information that normal user may not understand. Thus, Axon Ivy Portal provides an alternative solution to make this page nicer.

## How to configure

Download the zip file below to configure on your own engine (or designer).



#### **Important**

Read README.txt

PortalErrorPageConfiguration.zip

#### Result

HTTP 404 Page Not Found

Example testing URL: 404

## 404 Page Not Found

We're sorry, but the resource you are looking for does not exist.

Back To Home Page

HTTP 500 Error

Example testing URL: 500

#### 500 Error

We're sorry, there was a problem serving the requested page., more details...

Back To Home Page

# **Additional Components**

# **Process history**

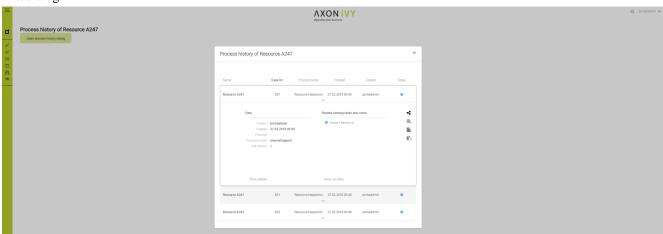
#### Introduction

This component is a lazy loading list which displays all business cases of a business entity in your application. You can include this component everywhere:

#### In a page

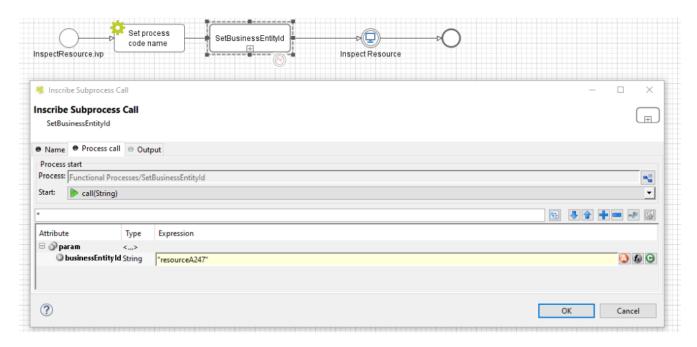


#### In a dialog



#### How to use

First you need to link the cases to the business entity. Call the subprocess SetBusinessEntityId in the process which need to be linked and input an identifier unique to your business entity. The subprocess will set the id to the additional property "CASE\_BUSINESS\_ENTITY\_PROPERTY" of the business case.



Include the process history component into your page:

<ic:ch.ivy.addon.portal.component.ProcessHistory businessEntityId="resourceA247" >

The value of the attribute businessEntityId must match the id input into the subprocess in the first step.

By default the component will load 20 cases at a time. You can change this by setting the attribute chunkSize to the number you want. You should use this attribute alongside with the attribute scrollHeight to configure the scroll bar of the list.



#### Note

If you use this component in a dialog, you must run this script processHistory.setup(); when the dialog is shown. For example:

```
<p:dialog widgetVar="process-history-dialog" id="process-history-dialog"
width="800" height="500" header="Process history of Resource A247"
onShow="processHistory.setup();">
```

```
<ic:ch.ivy.addon.portal.component.ProcessHistory
businessEntityId="resourceA247" chunkSize="6" scrollHeight="400" />
```

</p:dialog>



#### **Important**

If your process has a Trigger component or sends a signal to start another process with the option "Attach to Business Case that triggered this process" selected, the current case of the process will become a technical case and will not be loaded into the process history list. In this case You need to call the SetBusinessEntityId subprocess after the first Trigger or signal sending step.

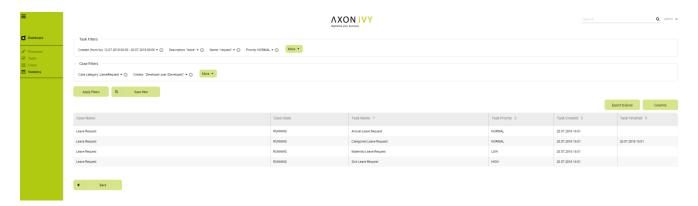
## **Task Analysis**

#### Introduction

Task Analysis component of Portal provides features for users to analyze not only tasks but also cases. These features are:

1. Set of filters for both tasks and cases which allow user to filter and to find tasks, cases more better. More, user can create and manage their own filter set for future usage.

- 2. Dynamic result table with lots of information for both task and case.
- 3. Support export result as Excel files (currently we only support .xlsx extension).



#### How to use

Task Analysis component is integrated into Statistic widget. You can use this component directly when open Statistic widget. If you want to use this component, you only have to redirect to Task Analysis component with following code:

```
import javax.faces.context.FacesContext;

String taskAnalysisUrl = ivy.html.startref("Start Processes/TaskAnalysis/start.ivp");
```

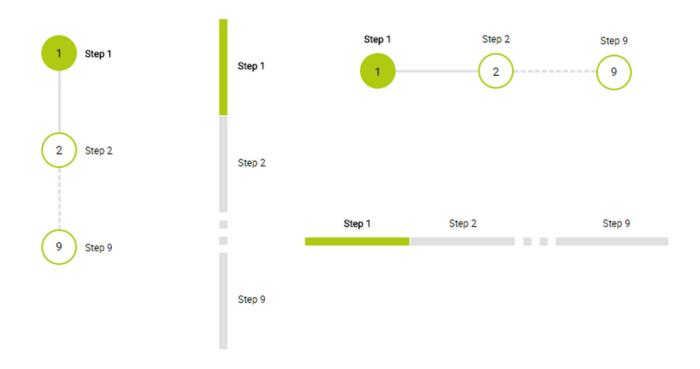
FacesContext.getCurrentInstance().getExternalContext().redirect(taskAnalysisUrl);

## **Process Chain**

#### Introduction

Process Chain component of Portal provides features for users to know status of all steps in a process: the step's working, these steps are done, these steps is not done. These features are:

- 1. Support to display all working steps or display only helpful steps as begin, last, current, previous current, next current steps.
- 2. Support to change the sharp of process chain: circle or line.
- 3. Support to change direction of process chain: horizontal or vertical.



#### How to use

Process Chain component can be integrated in any widget by including this component into a page. In order to use this component in a page, include this component to this page with following code:

<ic:ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.singleapp.process.ProcessChain id="process-chain-circle-horizontal"</pre>

```
componentId="component-circle-horizontal" shape="CIRCLE" direction="HORIZONTAL"
```

```
isShowAllSteps="FALSE"
steps="#{data.steps}" />
```

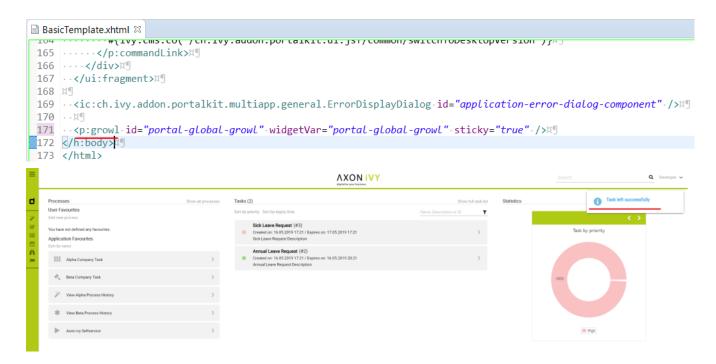
actualStepIndex="#{data.actualCurrentIndex}"

- 1. Must to set value for actualStepIndex parameter. This is current step index.
- 2. Must to set value for steps parameter. This is list of working steps.
- 3. Can change shape parameter to CIRCLE or LINE based on the requirement. Default value of this is CIRCLE.
- 4. Can change direction parameter to HORIZONTAL or VERTICAL based on the requirement. Default value of this is HORIZONTAL.
- 5. Can change is ShowAllSteps parameter to TRUE or FALSE based on the requirement. Default value of this is FALSE.

## **Global growl**

#### Introduction

This component is a global growl introduced in BasicTemplate, you can use it to display your messages in Portal.



## Display growl after finish task

After a task is finished, growl message appears as default via the DISPLAY\_MESSAGE\_AFTER\_FINISH\_TASK Portal variable.

For each task, you can turn it off or override it. Firstly, when you submit form to finish task, you need to put the overridePortalGrowl key to flash object with any value

```
Flash flash = FacesContext.getCurrentInstance().getExternalContext().getFlash();
flash.put("overridePortalGrowl", true);
flash.setRedirect(true);
```

It's enough if you want to turn it off. To override the message, add facesMessage to this component

```
import javax.faces.context.Flash;
import javax.faces.context.FacesContext;
import javax.faces.application.FacesMessage;

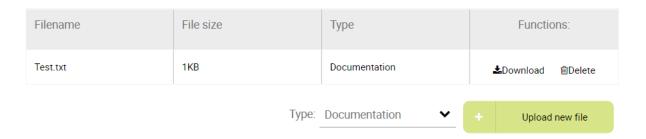
FacesMessage message = new FacesMessage("Task is done successfully");
FacesContext.getCurrentInstance().addMessage("portal-global-growl-message", message);

Flash flash = FacesContext.getCurrentInstance().getExternalContext().getFlash();
flash.put("overridePortalGrowl", true);
flash.setRedirect(true);
flash.setKeepMessages(true);
```

## **Document table**

#### Introduction

This component is case document table with the features: upload, download and delete.



You can override the GetDocumentList, UploadDocument, DeleteDocument, DownloadDocument sub processes to extend these features, and add more columns, remove default columns in document table. Refer to the DocumentTableComponent process in PortalExamples project

# Change Last Drilldown Level Of Task By Expiry Chart

## Task by expiry chart



# For users who want to change last drilldown level of Task by expiry chart

By default, the last drilldown level of a expiry chart is HOUR. It means that, to open a related tasks list of this chart, users must navigate from YEAR -> MONTH -> WEEK -> DAY -> HOUR, clicking on a column of HOUR chart to open the tasks.

To change this last drilldown level, users can set the value of EXPIRY\_CHART\_LAST\_DRILLDOWN\_LEVEL in Global settings.

For example, to navigate to task list immediately when clicking on a week column, see EXPIRY\_CHART\_LAST\_DRILLDOWN\_LEVEL = WEEK:



# **Chapter 5. Customization**

# **Build your own portal**

# **Build your own portal using Portal kit**

- 1. Create a new project that depends on PortalTemplate.
- 2. Create new home page
  - a. Create a new HTML Dialog for your home page and then use ui:composition to define template which you use inside. If you want to keep the look of default homepage, then choose DefaultHomePageTemplate.



#### Tip

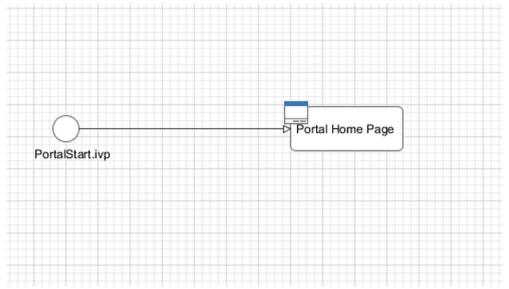
Find more information about templates at Layout templates.



#### **Important**

Portal uses some template files in the folder "webContent/layouts" in Portal Template project. Do not create files with the same path and name in your project as they can override the Portal files.

b. Create a new Start process and connect to User Dialog for your home page.



c. Run your application, start your newly created process and see result.



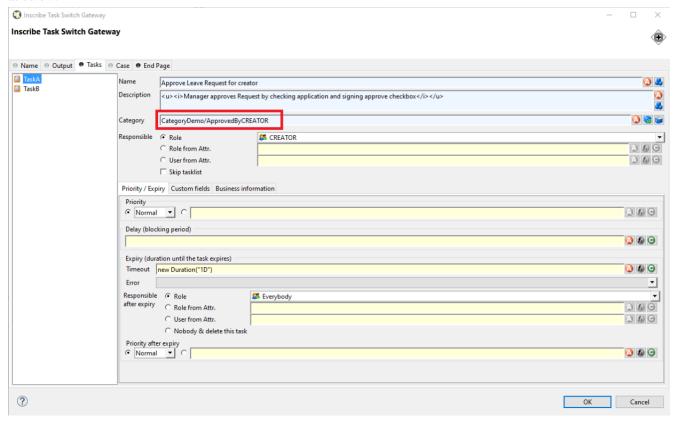


#### Tip

Your new homepage is the default portal homepage. You can customize it. Reference at Portal home.

3. Set category for tasks

To categorize tasks, set values for Category field. Task category can be multi-level if it is separated by slash / signs, as below.



#### 4. How to use feature warning on closing browser/tab

Sometimes when users are working on a task, if they close tab, browser or refresh page then they may lose their current work. It's a good idea to ask users to verify that they truly want to proceed with the action they just invoke. To use this feature, add WarnOnClosingBrowserTab component to the page you want to be affected.

<ic:ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.feature.WarnOnClosingBrowserTab confirmMessage="You
may lose your work in progress. Do you want to continue?" />

Depending on browser, content of confirmMessage and names of buttons may vary.





#### Tip

Normally, when using this component, actions that user invoked outside Portal area like closing tab/browser, refreshing page, clicking on a link on bookmark bar of browser will cause browser to display a confirmation dialog. That might cause the feature work incorrectly.

Actions that lead to navigation that user invoke inside Portal area like clicking on a link/button, submitting a form will not display any confirmation popup.

In some cases, user might use javascript to navigate to another page, for example: set value for window.location.href or call location.reload().

If that happens, add this to your javascript function: showConfirmDialogBeforeUnload = false;

# PortalStyle customization (logos, colors, date patterns)

## **Change Portal's logos**

You can change logo and login logo by modifying default logo in PortalStyle project.

- Modify cms entry PortalStyle/images/logo/CorporateLogo.png to update homepage logo.
- Modify cms entry PortalStyle/images/logo/loginLogo.png to update login logo.
- Override the variables: @login-logo-height, @home-logo-height in customization.less to scale your logos.

## Change Portal styles

Portal applies LESS framework to support you in customizing styles of Portal. There are 4 files: theme.less (shouldn't be modified), variables.less (shouldn't be modified), font-faces.less, customization.less, they are placed at PortalStyle/webContent/resources/less.

- font-faces.less: replace default font url-s by your font url-s and add/change other font styles to customize the Portal's font styles.
- customization.less: to change styles of Portal. E.g. Portal's component styles.



#### **Note**

Portal provides several variables (@body-background-color, @menu-color, @sidebar-dimension-transition-duration, @sidebar-opacity-transition-duration, @process-chain-menu-color, etc.) to change Portal's style. To override variables, you should put overriding code (e.g. @body-background-color: red) at customization.less file.

- @body-background-color: Portal background color.
- @menu-color: application menu color, color of texts and icons on the menu will be calculated based on brightness of menu color.
- @sidebar-opacity-transition-duration: application menu text opacity transition duration.
- @announcement-background-color: announcement panel background color.
- @announcement-border-color: announcement panel border color.
- @process-chain-menu-color: process chain component color.
- @action-button-color: Portal action button color e.g. close, add, next ...
- @action-button-border-radius: action button shape, it's rectangle when set @action-button-border-radius:0px;

- @sidebar-dimension-transition-duration: expanding/collapsing transition duration of application menu.
- @cancel-button-background-color: cancel button background color.
- @first-header-bar-color, @second-header-bar-color, @third-header-bar-color: 3 colors of header bar.
- @task-priority-low-color, @task-priority-normal-color, @task-priority-high-color, @task-priority-exception-color: task priority color.
- @task-state-open-color, @task-state-in-progress-color, @task-state-done-color, @task-state-zombie-destroyed-color, @task-state-reserved-color, @task-state-system-color: task state color.



#### **Important**

- Do not change font-family property values.
- · Limitation: the task priority color customization hasn't changed the task priority colors in statistic.

There is additional button type allows developer to configure its color and shape. Use it when you need different button types in your own project. How to: use style class context-button for it. For example: <p:commandButton value="My button" styleClass="context-button" > There are 2 variables allow developers to change color and shape

- @context-button-color: it is the color of context button
- @context-button-border-radius: it sets shape of action button, it's rectangle when set @context-button-border-radius:0px;

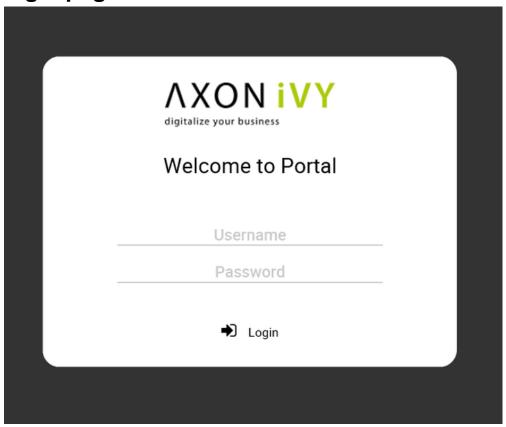
After you finish your customization, compile these above less files to build the css file named theme.min.css and put it at PortalStyle/webContent/resources/css. You are highly recommended to run the mvn lesscss:compile maven command in PortalStyle to do it quickly.

## Change date time pattern

You can change date pattern by modifying CMS in PortalStyle project: PortalStyle/patterns/datePattern and PortalStyle/patterns/dateTimePattern.

# Login

# Login page



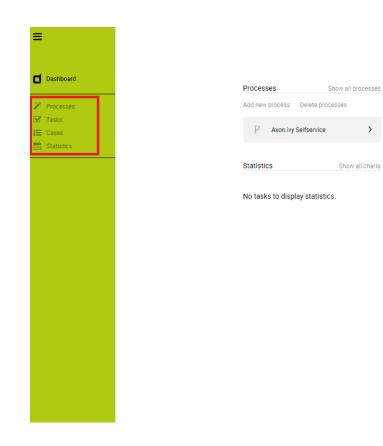
To replace default login page, extends existing templates with ui:define name="login" to define your new login component like below

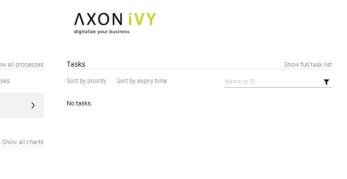
```
<ui:composition template="/layouts/BasicTemplate.xhtml">
<ui:define name="login">
<ic:internaltest.ui.YourOwnLoginComponent />
</ui:define>
</ui:composition>
```

## Menu

## Introduction

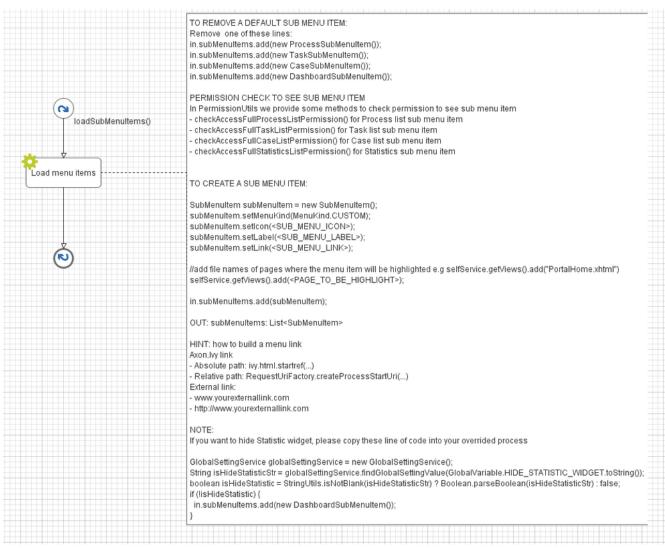
By default Portal main menu has 4 items: Processes, Tasks, Cases and Statistics. You can remove these items or add your own items.





# Customization

Create a callable sub process in your project with the loadSubMenuItems() signature, make sure this signature is unique in your application and follow the hints.



User can hide Statistic widget in Admin settings. Therefore, if you want to hide Statistic widget in your overrided process, please take a look on NOTE section of LoadSubMenuItems in PortalTemplate.

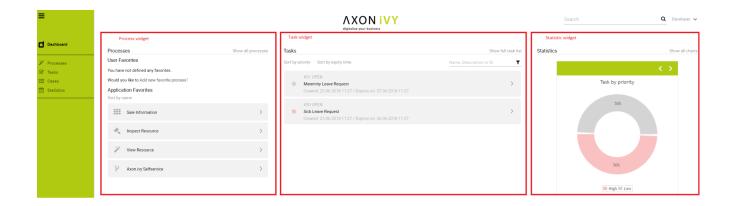
## **Portal home**

## **Before beginning**

This guide assumes that you are already familiar with CSS to integrate your own widgets.

## Introduction

The default home page of Portal has three built-in widgets in order: Process widget, Task widget, Statistic widget. If it does not fit your needs, you can replace it by your own one. We decided that based on screen size, widget may become hidden, not smaller.



## **Basic usage**

Following these steps to have your own Portal Home:

1. Create a new home page which uses the DefaultHomePageTemplate.xhtml template. By doing this, your new home page will inherit the widgets from the default home page and has a place holder for your own widgets.

Your custom home page should look like below:

```
<ui:composition template="/layouts/DefaultHomePageTemplate.xhtml" ... >
<ui:define name="customWidget">
...
</ui:define>
</ui:composition>
```

2. In case of single Portal: Create a new process start for the new home page. Now you will use this process start as the entry point of your portal instead of the default one. To let portal know about your new portal home, you have to go to the portal settings and set the portal home url to the new one. e.g: HOMEPAGE\_URL=http://localhost:8081/ivy/pro/designer/CustomizePortalHome/157454FCA39C3844/start.ivp



In case of multi Portal: refer to Setup multi portals to setup.



#### Note

Currently, responsive custom home page is not supported.

## Advanced usage

The DefaultHomePageTemplate.xhtml template supports some customizations.

## Display/hide the default widgets

The template has three parameters: displayProcessWidget, displayTaskWidget, displayStatisticWidget to display or hide the default widgets. Their default values are true, you can set them to boolean values (true/false) to display or hide them as you need.

```
<ui:composition template="/layouts/DefaultHomePageTemplate.xhtml" ... >
<ui:param name="displayTaskWidget" value="false" />
</ui:composition>
```



#### Tip

Task widget now is hidden.

## Customize the default widget's sections

The template has the placeholders to redefine the default widgets' sections.

```
<ui:composition template="/layouts/DefaultHomePageTemplate.xhtml" ... >
<ui:define name="statisticWidget">
<div
        class="js-dashboard-main-content-3rd-col
                                                      dashboard-main-content-3rd-col
layout-col">
<h:panelGroup layout="block" styleClass="js-statistic-widget" id="statistic-widget-</pre>
container">
<!-- KEEP THE STATISTIC WIDGET -->
<ic:ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.component.StatisticWidget</pre>
                                                             id="statistics-widget"
compactMode="true" tasks="#{tasks}" ... >
<!-- ADD THE WEATHER WIDGET BELOW STATISTIC WIDGET -->
<ic:my.namespace.WeatherWidget />
</h:panelGroup>
</div>
</ui:define>
</ui:composition>
```

## Add your own widgets

The template has a placeholder to add your own widgets. Your own widgets' default positions are next to statistic widget, you can change them by setting the default widgets' positions.

```
<ui:composition template="/layouts/DefaultHomePageTemplate.xhtml" ... >
<ui:define name="customWidget">
<ic:my.namespace.ComponentName ... />
</ui:define>
</ui:composition>
```



### Tip

This custom widget will show below the 3 default widget

### Change the page's title

The default page title is Cockpit. Apply the following code to change it:

```
<ui:composition template="/layouts/DefaultHomePageTemplate.xhtml" ... >
<ui:define name="pageTitle">YOUR PAGE'S TITLE</ui:define>
</ui:composition>
```

# Task widget

TaskWidget is a built-in component of Portal which contains the tasks users can interact with. In order to show needed task's information, Portal supports overriding concept for TaskWidget. Each TaskWidget contains 2 parts:

- 1. UI: TaskHeader and TaskListHeader and TaskBody and TaskFilter
- 2. Data query: display the tasks as you want



#### **Important**

- 1. Task header customization does not support responsive design, smaller resolutions (iPad, etc.)
- 2. Additional properties cannot be displayed right now as a column
- 3. Task header's buttons cannot be modified (they stay where they are)

## How to override task widget's UI

Refer to PortalExamples project for examples

- 1. Introduce an Axon.ivy project which has PortalTemplate as a required library.
- 2. To customize task widget, you must customize Portal Home first. Refer to Customize Portal home to set new home page.
- 3. Copy the PortalStart process from PortalTemplate to your project. Point PortalHome element to your custom home page in previous step. This process is new home page and administrator should register this link by Portal's Admin Settings.
- 4. Override Task widget in: TaskList page, Task Search result, Relate tasks of a case, History tasks of a case.
  - Introduce a new HTMLDialog which uses template /layouts/PortalTasksTemplate.xhtml (refer to Responsiveness to override responsiveness). You can take a look at PortalTasks.xhtml to see how to customize it.



#### Tip

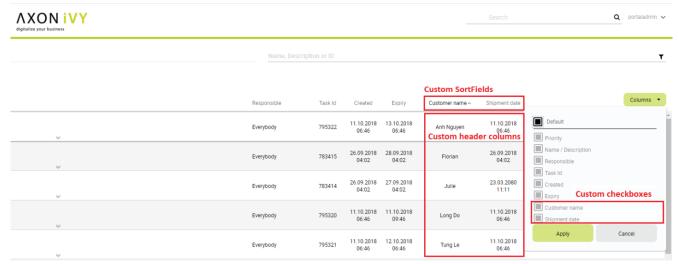
Highly recommend to copy the PortalTasks HTMLDialog in PortalTemplate and change the copied one's view.

- Use Axon.ivy Override to override the OpenPortalTasks callable. The original implementation of this callable is calling PortalTasks, change it to call the customized Page introduced in the step above. The signature of this callable is useView(TaskView) and customized page must receive this TaskView instance, put in the dialog's Data with the exact name taskView.
- 5. After previous steps, you can override TaskHeader and TaskListHeader and TaskBody and TaskFilter

#### Task header

Refer to the taskListHeader and taskHeader sections in PortalTasks.xhtml of PortalTemplate. In case your task widget has new columns, you should override TaskLazyDataModel to make the sort function of these columns work:

- Introduce a java class extends TaskLazyDataModel
- Override the extendSort method and extend the sort function for the added columns (see the method's Javadoc comments)
- · Default taskList supports user to config display/hide column



- In case you has new columns, override method getDefaultColumns of the extended class from TaskLazyDataModel to display checkboxes in Config columns panel and display/hide sortFields (see the methods' Javadoc comments)
- To add cms for checkboxes's label, add new entries to folder /ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.ui.jsf/taskList/defaultColumns/inPortalStyle or override method getColumnLabel(see the methods' Javadoc comments)
- In taskListHeader section, use TaskColumnHeader component
- In taskHeader section, use TaskCustomField component for each additional columns. This component will handle display/hide new columns on task list.

 $Currently, Task Custom Field \ only \ supports \ text \ field. \ If \ you \ want \ to \ create \ your \ own \ component, \ remember \ to \ add \ rendered="\#\{task View.data Model.is Selected Column ('YOUR_CUSTOM_COLUMN')\}"$ 

For example: Show custom field customer name which stored in task.customVarCharField5

```
<ic:ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.component.task.column.TaskCustomField id="customer-
name-component" componentId="customer-name" column="customVarCharField5"
dataModel="#{taskView.dataModel}" labelValue="#{task.customVarCharField5}" />
```

- Use Axon.ivy Override to override the InitializeTaskDataModel callable and initialize data model by your customized one.
- In your customized portal tasks HTMLDialog, the customized data model should be passed as a parameter to components (refer to PortalTasks.xhtml).

## Task body

Refer to the taskBody section in PortalTasks.xhtml of PortalTemplate.

If you need to apply the responsiveness behavior of Portal for task details, there are 2 components which can be used: ResponsivenessHandleContainer and ResponsivenessHandleButton:

- ResponsivenessHandleContainer: a container contains ResponsivenessHandleButton and your javascript which contains the onstart and oncomplete function of ResponsivenessHandleButton.
- ResponsivenessHandleButton: contains the params which handle responsiveness:
  - icon: the icon of button
  - displayedSelectors: css selectors of the components which need to be displayed.
  - hiddenSelectorsInLargeScreen: css selectors of the components which need to be hidden in large screen (width: 1920).
  - hiddenSelectorsInMediumScreen: css selectors of the components which need to be hidden in medium screen (width: 1366).
  - hiddenSelectorsInSmallScreen: css selectors of the components which need to be hidden in small screen (width: 1024).
  - fadeTime: the fade in/out time.
  - onstart: client side callback to execute before responsiveness execution.
  - oncomplete: client side callback to execute after responsiveness execution.

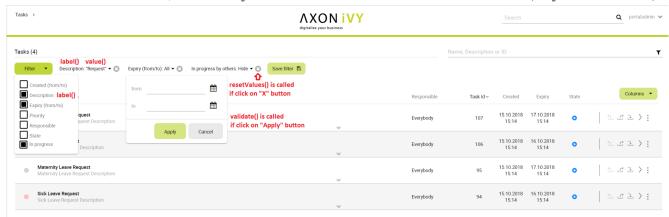
#### For example:

```
<ui:composition template="/layouts/PortalTasksTemplate.xhtml">
<ui:param name="useOverrideBody" value="true" />
<ui:define name="taskBody">
Customized content
<ic:ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.component.ResponsivenessHandleContainer</pre>
styleClass="hidden-lg">
<ic:ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.component.ResponsivenessHandleButton</pre>
                                                                      icon="fa
                                                                                   fa-
                                                        displayedSelectors="['#task-
             js-note-column-responsive-button"
file
note']"
                hiddenSelectorsInMediumScreen="['.task-details
                                                                          .replaced']"
hiddenSelectorsInSmallScreen="['.task-details .replaced']" />
<h:outputScript library="js" name="task-detail-default-responsiveness.js" />
</ic:ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.component.ResponsivenessHandleContainer>
</ui:define>
```



#### Task filter

- Refer to the taskFilter section in PortalTasks.xhtml of PortalTemplate.
- In order to introduce new filter, create a new java class extends TaskFilter and override its methods (see javadoc comments)



• Introduce a java class extends TaskFilterContainer. This filter container contains your filters, you can reuse default filters, refer to DefaultTaskFilterContainer.java



#### Tip

StateFilter is added as default to container. If you don't need it, use this code in constructor: filters.remove(stateFilter);

- Introduce a java class extends TaskLazyDataModel. Override the initFilterContainer method and initialize filter container (see javadoc comments)
- Use Axon.ivy Override to override the InitializeTaskDataModel callable and initialize data model by your customized one.
- In your customized portal tasks HTMLDialog, the customized data model and filter container should be passed as parameters to components (refer to PortalTasks.xhtml).
- Advanced usage: Portal supports storing/restoring filters. Your filter class (extends TaskFilter) is stored in business data. Properties stored user input values should be persisted, properties controlled logic should not be persisted to reduce persisted data size in business data. Use annotation @JsonIgnore to exclude properties. By default, Portal takes care storing/restoring filters. If you want to customize storing/restoring filter data, do it in your data model class (extends TaskLazyDataModel class).

By default, filters are stored/restored in process model level. You can change this by setting the ui:param filterGroupId in PortalTasks.xhtml to a new Long value.



#### Tip

If you have multiple case lists in your project, you may want to set filterGroupId to an unique identifier for each of your PortalTasks.xhtml across your projects

## How to override task widget's data query

- Override the BuildTaskQuery callable process of PortalKit and build your own query to effect the data of task widget, task categories and statistic widget.
- If you want to apply a query for only Home page task list, not for Full mode task list, use attribute isQueryForHomePage in BuildTaskQuery callable process to specify the query for Home page task list, e.g.

```
if (in.isQueryForHomePage) { // in home page
  in.taskQuery = TaskQuery.create().where().activatorUserId().isNotNull();
}
```

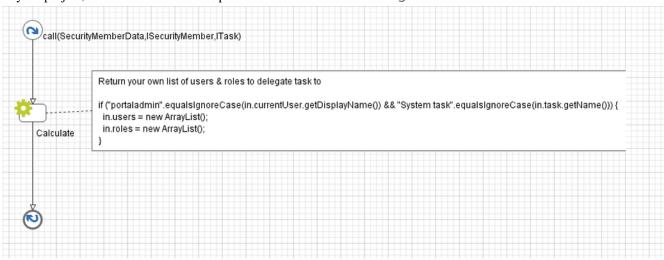
- Apply the following steps in case you would like to provide data for task list after navigating to task list from your page, e.g. clicking on a bar chart then opening the tasks of that bar:
  - Use the OpenPortalTasks callable process with the TaskView parameter. It is used to define which information are displayed in TaskWidget.
  - · Refer to TaskView, TaskSearchCriteria to build your TaskView

```
TaskLazyDataModel dataModel = new TaskLazyDataModel();
// Set your TaskQuery
dataModel.getCriteria().setCustomTaskQuery(YOUR_TASK_QUERY);
// Display the tasks of all users
dataModel.getCriteria().setAdminQuery(true);
out.taskView = TaskView.create().dataModel(dataModel)
.showHeaderToolbar(false).createNewTaskView();
```

## **Custom task delegate**

Portal allows to customize the list of users and roles that a task can be delegated to. This can be done following these steps:

- 1. Introduce a Axon.ivy project which has PortalTemplate as a required library and its own PortalStart process. Refer to step 1, 2, 3, 4 in override task widget's UI guide.
- 2. In your project, override the callable subprocess CalculateTaskDelegate



3. The callable subprocess data contains the current user in.currentUser and the current task to be delegated in.task. The lists in.users and in.roles contain all possible users and roles that the task can be delegated to. Modify those two to have your own delegate list.

## How to customize mobile task list sort

Refer to PortalExamples project for examples

 Create a customize TaskLazyDataModel extends TaskLazyDataModel and override 2 methods getPortalTaskMobileSort and getSortFieldLabel

```
/**

* Customize sort fields in mobile task list

*/
@Override
public ListcStrings getPortalTaskMobileSort() {
    return Arrays.asList("PRIORITY_ASC", "PRIORITY_DESC", "customWarcharField5_ASC", "customWarcharField5_DESC", "customTimestampField1_ASC", "customTimestampField1_DESC");
}

/**

* Customize sort field labels on mobile task list

*/
@Override
public String getSortFieldLabel(String fieldName) {
    return Ivy.oms().co("/sortFields/" + fieldName);
}
```

 Use Axon.ivy Override to override the InitializeMobileTaskDataModel callable. Initialize this customize TaskLazyDataModel in.dataModel = new CustomizedTaskLazyDataModel(true);

# Case widget

CaseWidget is a built-in component of Portal which contains the cases which users can interact with. In order to show needed case's information, Portal supports overriding concept for CaseWidget. Each CaseWidget contains 2 parts:

- 1. UI: CaseListHeader, CaseHeader, CaseBody and CaseFilter
- 2. Data query: display the cases as you want by modifying data query



#### **Important**

- 1. Case header customization does not support responsive design, smaller resolutions (iPad, etc.)
- 2. Additional properties cannot be displayed right now as a column
- 3. Case header's buttons cannot be modified (they stay where they are)

# How to override case widget's UI

Refer to PortalExamples project for examples

- 1. Introduce an Axon.ivy project which has PortalTemplate as a required library.
- 2. To customize case widget, you must customize Portal Home first. Refer to Customize Portal home to set new home page.
- Copy the PortalStart process from PortalTemplate to your project. Point PortalHome element to your custom
  home page in previous step. This process is new home page and administrator should register this link by Portal's Admin
  Settings.
- 4. Override Case widget in: CaseList page, Case Search result.
  - Introduce a new HTMLDialog which uses template /layouts/PortalCasesTemplate.xhtml (refer to Responsiveness to override responsiveness). You can take a look at PortalCases.xhtml to see how to customize it.



#### Tip

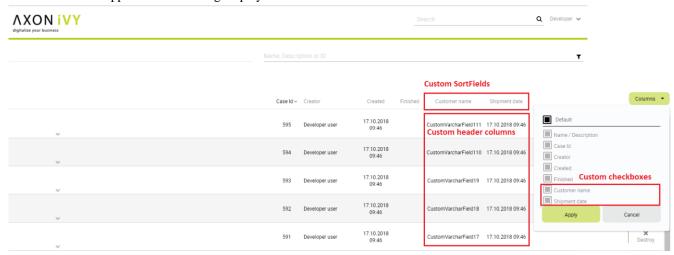
Highly recommend to copy the PortalCases HTMLDialog in PortalTemplate and change the copied one's view.

- Use Axon.ivy Override to override the OpenPortalCases callable. The original implementation of this callable is calling PortalCases, change it to call the customized Page introduced in the step above. The signature of this callable is useView(CaseView) and customized page must receive this CaseView instance, put in the dialog's Data with the exact name caseView.
- 5. After previous steps, you can override CaseHeader and CaseListHeader and CaseBody and CaseFilter

#### Case List Header and Case Header

Refer to the caseListHeader and caseHeader sections in PortalCases.xhtml of PortalTemplate. In case your case widget has new columns, you should override CaseLazyDataModel to make the sort function of these columns work:

- Introduce a java class extends CaseLazyDataModel
- Override the extendSort method and extend the sort function for the added columns (see the method's Javadoc comments)
- Default caseList supports user to config display/hide column



- In case you have new columns, override method getDefaultColumns of the extended class from CaseLazyDataModel to display checkboxes in Config columns panel and display/hide sortFields (see the methods' Javadoc comments)
- To add cms for checkboxes's label, add new entries to folder /ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.ui.jsf/caseList/defaultColumns/inPortalStyle or override method getColumnLabel(see the methods' Javadoc comments)
- In caseListHeader section, use CaseColumnHeader component
- In caseHeader section, use CaseCustomField component for each additional column. This component will handle display/hide new columns on case list.

Currently, CaseCustomField only supports text field. If you want to create your own component, remember to add  $rendered="\#\{caseView.dataModel.isSelectedColumn('YOUR_CUSTOM_COLUMN')\}"$ 

For example: Show custom field customer name which stored in case.customVarCharField1

```
<ic:ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.component.cases.column.CaseCustomField id="case-
customer-name-component" panelGroupId="customVarCharField1-column-case-
header-panel" componentId="customVarCharField1-column-case-header-text"
column="customVarCharField1" dataModel="#{caseView.dataModel}"
labelValue="#{case.customVarCharField1}" />
```

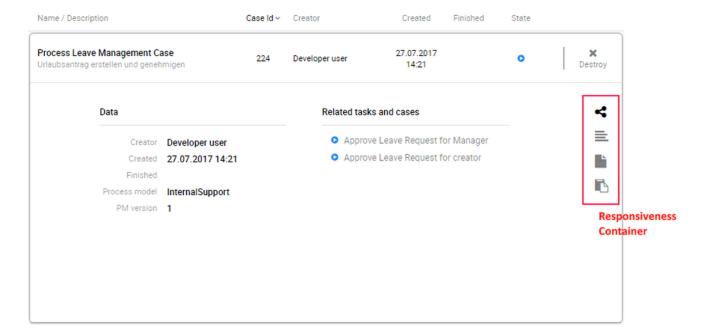
- Use Axon.ivy Override to override the InitializeCaseDataModel callable and initialize data model by your customized one.
- In your customized portal cases HTMLDialog, the customized data model should be passed as a parameter to components (refer to PortalCases.xhtml).

## Case body

Refer to the caseBody section in PortalCases.xhtml of PortalTemplate.

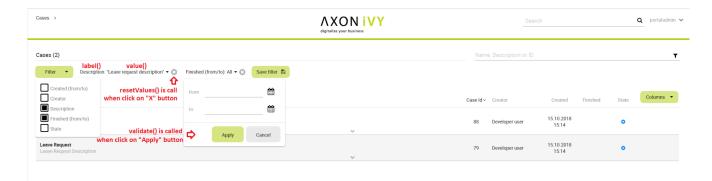
If you need to apply the responsiveness behavior of Portal for case details, there are 2 components which can be used: ResponsivenessHandleContainer and ResponsivenessHandleButton:

- ResponsivenessHandleContainer: a container contains ResponsivenessHandleButton and your javascript which contains the onstart and oncomplete function of ResponsivenessHandleButton.
- ResponsivenessHandleButton: contains the params which handle responsiveness:
  - icon: the icon of button
  - displayedSelectors: css selectors of the components which need to be displayed.
  - hiddenSelectorsInLargeScreen: css selectors of the components which need to be hidden in large screen (width: 1920px).
  - hiddenSelectorsInMediumScreen: css selectors of the components which need to be displayed in medium screen (width: 1366px).
  - hiddenSelectorsInSmallScreen: css selectors of the components which need to be displayed in small screen (width: 1024px).
  - fadeTime: the fade in/out time. (metric: millisecond)
  - onstart: client side callback to execute before responsiveness execution.
  - oncomplete: client side callback to execute after responsiveness execution.



#### Case filter

- Refer to the caseFilter section in PortalCases.xhtml of PortalTemplate.
- In order to introduce new filter, create a new java class extends CaseFilter and override its methods (see javadoc comments)



• Introduce a java class extends CaseFilterContainer. This filter container contains your filters, you can reuse default filters, refer to DefaultCaseFilterContainer.java



#### Tip

StateFilter is added as default to container. If you don't need it, use this code in constructor: filters.remove(stateFilter);

- Introduce a java class extends CaseLazyDataModel. Override the initFilterContainer method and initialize filter container (see javadoc comments)
- Use Axon.ivy Override to override the InitializeCaseDataModel callable and initialize data model by your customized one.
- In your customized portal cases HTMLDialog, the customized data model and filter container should be passed as parameters to components (refer to PortalCases.xhtml).
- Portal supports storing/restoring filters. Your filter class (extends CaseFilter) is stored in business data. Properties stored user input values should be persisted, properties controlled logic should not be persisted to reduce persisted data size in business data. Use annotation @JsonIgnore to exclude properties. By default, Portal takes care storing/restoring filters. If you want to customize storing/restoring filter data, do it in your data model class (extends CaseLazyDataModel class).
- By default, filters are stored/restored in process model level. You can change this by setting the ui:param filterGroupId in PortalCases.xhtml to a new Long value.



#### Tip

If you have multiple case lists in your project, you may want to set filterGroupId to an unique identifier for each of your PortalCases.xhtml across your projects

## How to override case widget's data query

Override the BuildCaseQuery callable process of PortalKit and build your own query to effect the data of case widget.

Apply the following steps in case you would like to provide data for case list after navigating to case list from your page:

- Use the OpenPortalCases callable process with the CaseView parameter. It is used to define which information are displayed in CaseWidget.
- Refer to CaseView, CaseSearchCriteria to build your CaseView

```
CaseLazyDataModel dataModel = new CaseLazyDataModel();
dataModel.getCriteria().setCustomCaseQuery(YOUR_CASE_QUERY); // Set your CaseQuery
dataModel.getCriteria().setAdminQuery(true); // Display the cases of all users
out.caseView = CaseView.create().dataModel(dataModel)
.withTitle("My Cases").buildNewView();
```

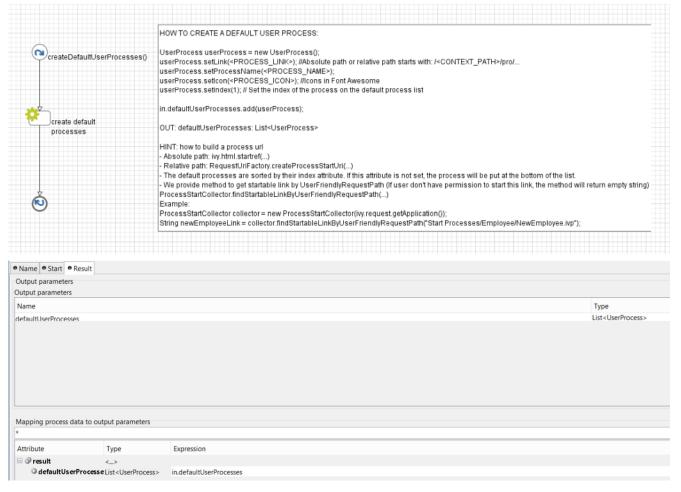
# **Default user process**

## Introduction

In Portal homepage, the Process widget displays default processes, you can customize them so that project important starts are displayed.

### Customization

Create an override which overrides sub process createDefaultUserProcess() in Portal Kit. This sub process return a list of user processes. Follow instruction to create default processes.





#### Tip

We provide the method to generate link from UserFriendlyRequestPath in ProcessStartCollector class: findStartableLinkByUserFriendlyRequestPath(String requestPath). This method will return startable link if user has permission to start the process, otherwise return emtpy string.

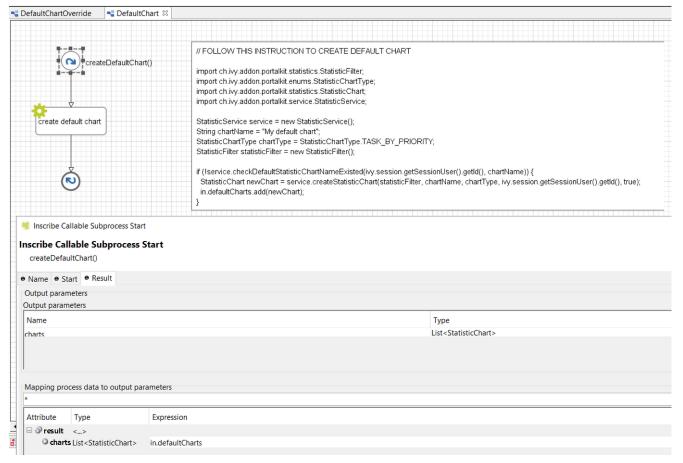
## **Default chart**

## Introduction

In Portal homepage, by default there is a chart named "Tasks by Priority". But you can create your default chart.

## Customization

Create an override which overrides sub process DefaultChart in Portal Kit. This sub process return a list of default charts. Follow instruction to create charts.



# **Default statistic custom field**

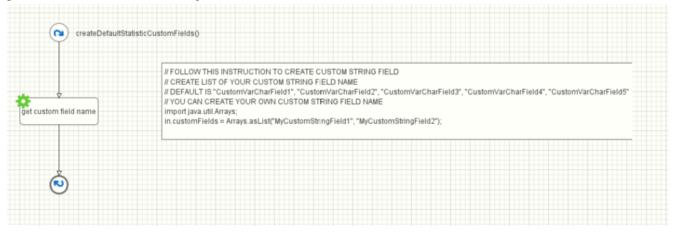
## Introduction

In Portal statistic, when user add new chart, statistic filter will displays default 5 custom string fields CustomVarCharField1 to CustomVarCharField5, you can customize them by your own custom string fields.



## Customization

Create an override which overrides sub process createDefaultStatisticCustomField() in Portal Kit. This sub process return a list of custom string fields. Follow instruction to create default custom fields.



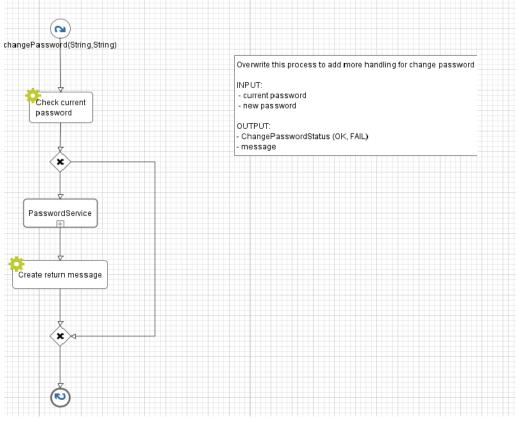
# Change password process

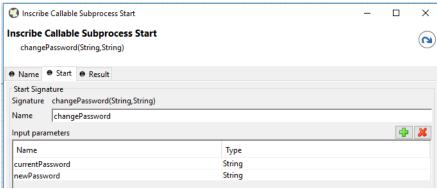
## Introduction

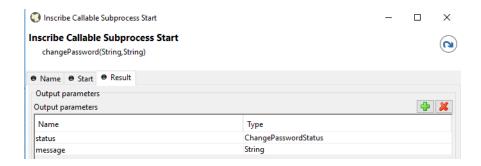
In Portal, the Change password process helps users to change their current password, you can customize this process to add more handling when user change password.

## Customization

Create a callable sub process in your project with the changePassword(String, String) signature, make sure this signature is unique in your application. It must return an enums ChangePasswordStatus and the message showing to user (you can override this process in PortalKit):







# Logout process

- Introduce an Axon.ivy project which has PortalTemplate as a required library.
- 2. Copy the PortalStart process from PortalTemplate to your project. This process is new home page and administrator should register this link by global
- 3. Refer to Customize Portal home to set new home page.
- 4. Override the Logout process to customize the logout behavior.
- 5. Create a callable sub process in your project with the getLogoutPage() signature to customize the page which will be redirect to after logout, default is Portal home page. Make sure this signature is unique in your application.

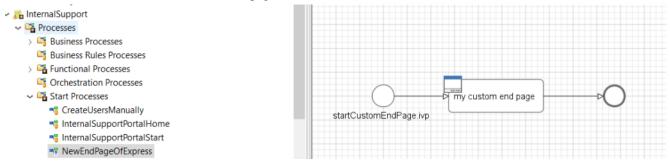
# **Express end page**

## Introduction

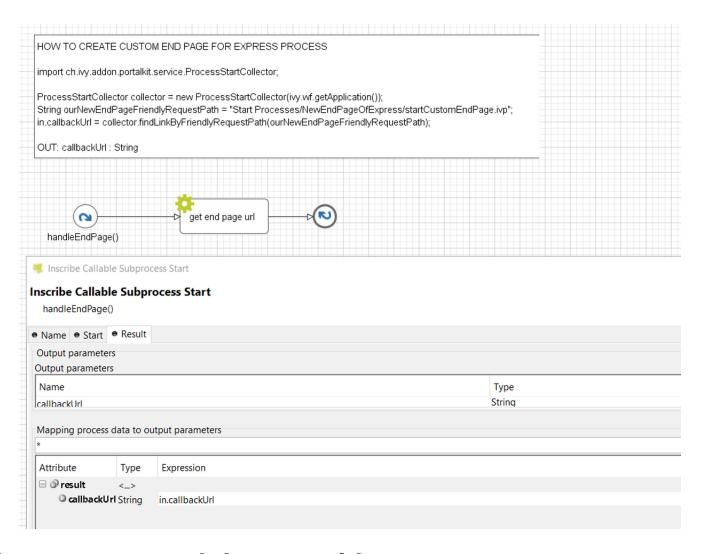
When the last task of Axon Express finish, express end page will be displayed. You can customize this by provide your own page.

## Customization

1. Create a new UI and start link of the new end page.



Create a callable sub process in your project with the handleEndPage() signature, make sure this signature is unique in your application. It must return start link of new end page you define in step 1.



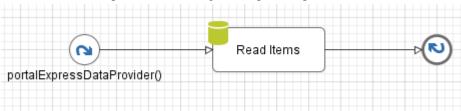
# **Express external data provider**

## Introduction

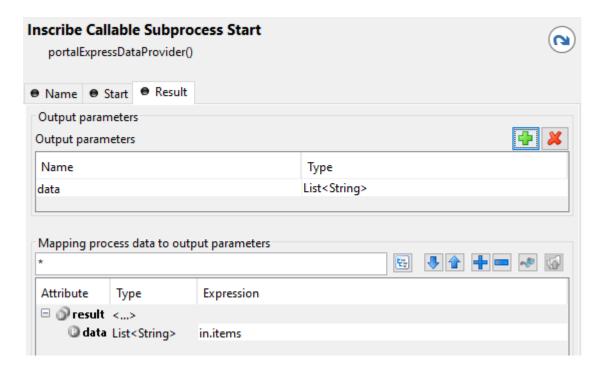
In portal express we can provide the external data for checkbox values when creating form, like a product catalogue can be maintained in the background and the process calls this data provider.

## Customization

1. Create a callable subprocess that has signature "portalExpressDataProvider"



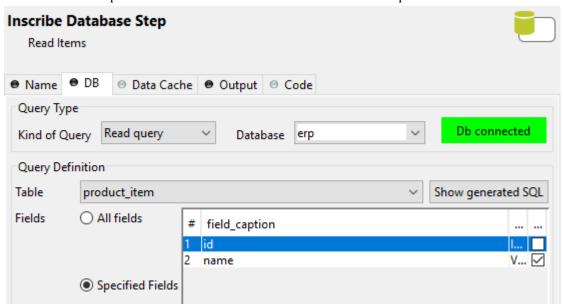
The subprocess return the list of String:



Below is an example that use Database element to read the data from DB as a data provider.

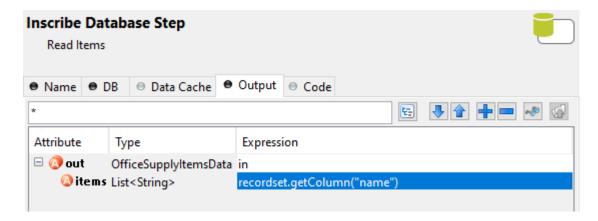
#### In the DB tab:

- Kind of Query: choose "Read query"
- Database: select the database name
- Table: select the table name
- Fields: choose "Specified Fields" and tick one column that use for data provider.



In the Output tab, set the value for the output variable:

out.items = recordset.getColumn("[name of the column]")



#### 2. Create new Express Workflow

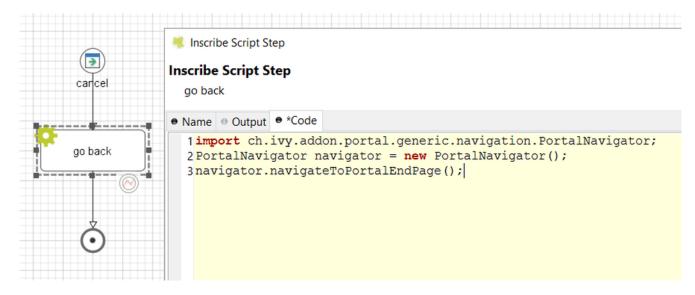
In the form creation, choose Checkbox and select the data provider in the dropdown list. Then fill the label of check box and press Create button. You can drag and drop the checkbox element to the Placement of form elements and preview the values of the checkbox.

Note: The first item in the dropdown list is "Special static data provider", it means that user will provide the values of the checkbox manually.



# Navigate back

- When a task finish, Portal will navigate back to previous page. For example if a task is started from homepage, then go back to homepage. In case task is started from task list, then go back to task list after finish.
- Developer can also apply this feature to their own button e.g Cancel a task.
- Just call PortalNavigator.navigateToPortalEndPage() in your button function



## Hide technical stuffs

## Hide technical roles

A technical role is the role which is not displayed anywhere (e.g. delegate, absence management). AXONIVY\_PORTAL\_ADMIN is a technical role by default.

To mark a role as a technical role, set the **HIDE** property with any value to the role.



#### Tip

Use the utility method of Portal to set property:

ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.util.RoleUtils.setProperty([YOUR\_ROLE], ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.util.HIDE, [ANY\_VALUE])

## **Hide technical tasks**

A technical task is the task which is not displayed in any task lists of Portal.



#### Tip

Use the utility methods of Portal:

- Set task as technical: ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.util.TaskUtils.setHidePropertyToHideInPortal(ITask)
- Reverse it: ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.util.TaskUtils.removeHidePropertyToDisplayInPortal(ITask)

## Hide technical cases

A technical case is the case which is not displayed in any case lists of Portal.

Tasks belong to the technical case is considered as technical tasks and should be hide as well.

To mark a case as a technical case, make sure Ivy global variable PortalHiddenTaskCaseExcluded is set to true. Follow tip



#### Tip

Use the utility methods of Portal:

- Set case as technical: ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.util.CaseUtils.setHidePropertyToHideInPortal(ICase)
- Reverse it: ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.util.CaseUtils.removeHidePropertyToDisplayInPortal(ICase)

# Additional case details page

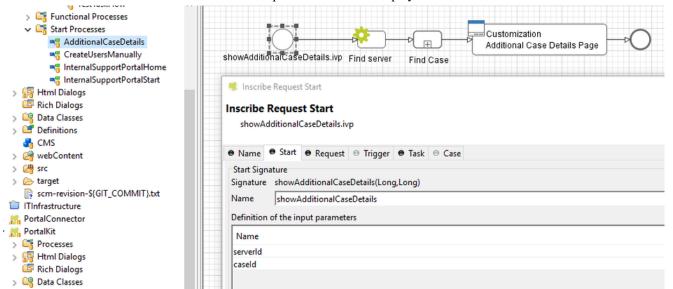
## Introduction

The additional case details page shows all custom fields of a case by clicking on "Show details" link in case details.

You can customize this page for each case by providing a relative URL to case.

### Customization

1. Create a new additional case details UI and a start process which will display the new UI.



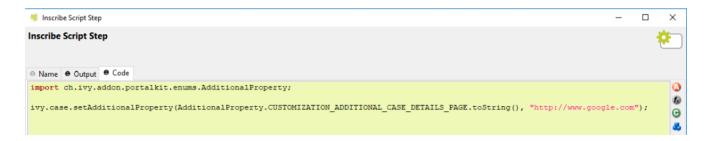
Store the URL of start process in "CUSTOMIZATION\_ADDITIONAL\_CASE\_DETAILS\_PAGE" additional property
of case. You could use SetAdditonalCaseDetailPage.mod callable process, and input the friendly URL of
process as parameter.





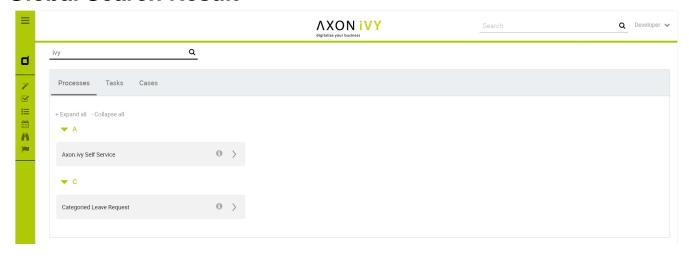
#### Tip

If you want to redirect user to external link, simply store that external link to "CUSTOMIZATION\_ADDITIONAL\_CASE\_DETAILS\_PAGE" additional property of case.



## **Global Search Result**

### **Global Search Result**



Follow these steps to customize the global search page:

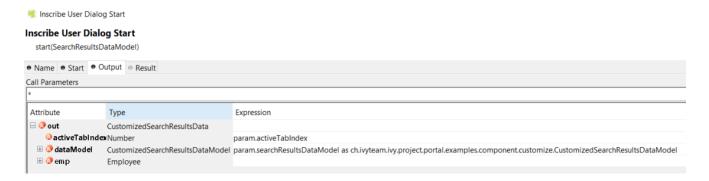
- 1. Introduce an Axon.ivy project which has PortalTemplate as a required library.
- 2. Copy the PortalStart process from PortalTemplate to your project. This process is new home page and administrator should register this link by global
- 3. Refer to Customize Portal home to set new home page.
- 4. Create the customized search data model extends SearchResultsDataModel, and override the search method to filter your objects.



### Tip

Note: it is recommended that lazy loading or pagination should be applied for custom tabs to have a good performance.

5. Create the HTML dialog using /layouts/SearchResultsTemplate.xhtml, recommended to copy the SearchResults HTML dialog in PortalTemplate. In dataclass, change the dataModel to the above one, and in logic, also cast it.



Define the custom-search section to add your customized tabs:

```
☐ CustomizedSearchResults.xhtml ⋈
    <html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml" xmlns:f="http://xmlns.jcp.org/jsf/core"=</pre>
      xmlns:h="http://xmlns.jcp.org/jsf/html" xmlns:ui="http://xmlns.jcp.org/jsf/facelets"aq
      xmlns:ic="http://ivyteam.ch/jsf/component" xmlns:p="http://primefaces.org/ui"a
      *xmlns:pe="http://primefaces.org/ui/extensions" *xmlns:pm="http://primefaces.org/mobile">=¶
 6⊖<h:body>¤¶
     <ui:composition template="/layouts/SearchResultsTemplate.xhtml">=¶
       <ui:define name="custom-search">=¶
  Q:
          <p:tab title="Employees">=9
            ····</p:column>=9
        ·····<p:column·headerText="Last Name" sortBy="#{emp.lastName}" filterBy="#{emp.lastName}">=¶
······<h:outputText value="#{emp.lastName}" />=¶
 146
         ····</p:column>=
          ·····<p:column·headerText="Country" sortBy="#(emp.country)" filterBy="#(emp.country)">=¶
                <h:outputText value="#{emp.country}"./>=¶
          ····</p:column>=9
              \cdot < \texttt{p:column \cdot headerText} = \texttt{"Details" \cdot style} = \texttt{"text-align: \cdot center"} > \texttt{\#} \\ \texttt{I}
                 <p:commandLink id="detail-action" actionListener="#{logic.openDetails(emp)}" process="@this"="</pre>
                ...title="#{ivy.cms.co('/Labels/Details')}">=¶
...<i.class="fa-fa-search-fa-lg"-/>=¶
               · ·</p:commandLink>¤¶
          ····</p:column>=¶
           ·</p:dataTable>¤¶
       ···</p:tab>¤¶
        </ui:define>m9
      </ui:composition>=¶
    </h:body>=¶
    </html>
```

7. Override the OpenPortalSearch callable process and change the HTML dialog to your customized one.



#### Tip

Hint: refer to the example in the PortalExamples project: CustomizedSearchResultsDataModel.java, CustomizedSearchResults HTML dialog, OpenPortalSearchOverride callable process

## **Mobile Default Page**

Portal provides some pages for the mobile device. The default page is Mobile Task list. Following these steps to change it:

- Introduce an Axon.ivy project which has PortalTemplate as a required library.
- To customize task widget, you must customize Portal Home first. Refer to Customize Portal home to set new home page.
- Copy the PortalStart process from PortalTemplate to your project. Point PortalHome element to your custom
  home page in previous step. This process is new home page and administrator should register this link by Portal's Admin
  Settings.
- Override the MobileDefaultPage.ivp to set the mobile default page.

# **Document processes**

### Introduction

When you upload document, but want to manage them outside ivy, for example: in Document Management System (DMS), you should follow this section to override document functions of Portal.

#### Customization

- 1. Introduce an Axon.ivy project which has PortalTemplate as a required library.
- 2. Copy the PortalStart process from PortalTemplate to your project. This process is new home page and administrator should register this link by global
- 3. Refer to Customize Portal home to set new home page.
- 4. Override 4 Document sub processes described in table below to customize document functions.

Sub process	Description
GetDocumentList	After get document list from DMS, convert them into List <ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.ivydata.bo.ivydocument> Mandatory fields are: - id - name - contentType</ch.ivy.addon.portalkit.ivydata.bo.ivydocument>
UploadDocument	Override this sub process to upload your file. This sub process also contains some validations, so if you override it, you have to implement validation by your own.
DownloadDocument	Override this subprocess to download file from DMS.
DeleteDocument	Override this sub process to delete file in DMS

Table 5.1. Document sub processes

# **Group chat customization**

### Introduction

Group chat feature supports us to customize Group chat header, Group chat name, Confirgured role list for each process.

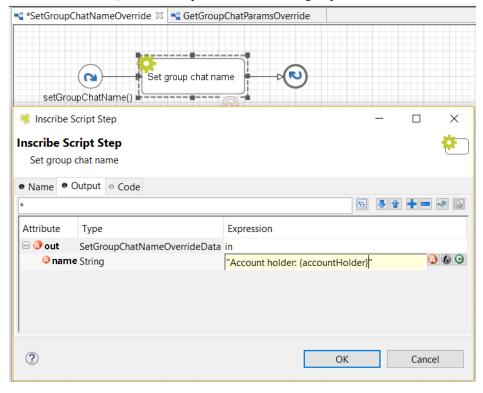
# Customize group chat header

Override group chat title/header via "groupChatHeader" CMS entry.

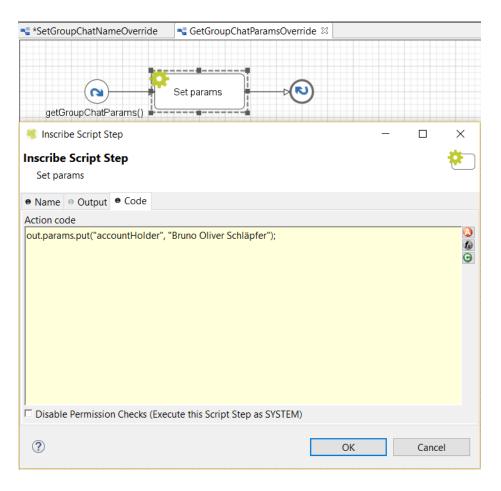


## Customize group chat name

- 1. Introduce an Axon.ivy project which has PortalTemplate as a required library.
- 2. Override SetGroupChatName process to customize group chat name, follow its note to change group chat name.

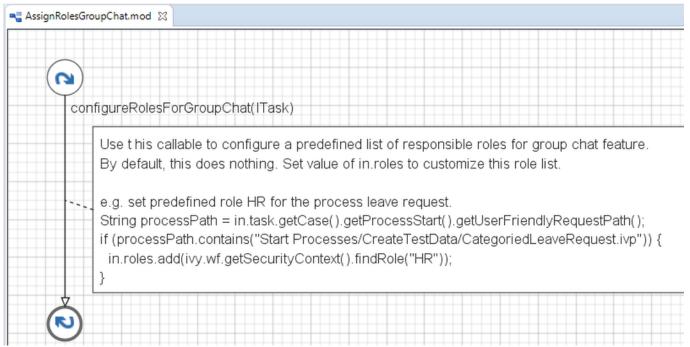


3. If you have parameters which are not available in GroupChat.java, override GetGroupChatParams callable process and follow its note.



## Customize predefined responsible roles

Override AssignRolesGroupChat process to customize predefined responsible roles, follow its note to configure.



# Change group id

Portal group id is ch.ivyteam.ivy.project.portal. If you change it, you have to update ivy global variable PortalGroupId accordingly. This variable is defined in PortalKit project.



### **Important**

Do not change  ${\tt artifactId}$  such as portal Style, portalKit...

# **Chapter 6. Settings**

User Settings provide options for configuring Portal applications:

- · Admin settings
- Absence and substitute settings
- Email settings
- · Language settings

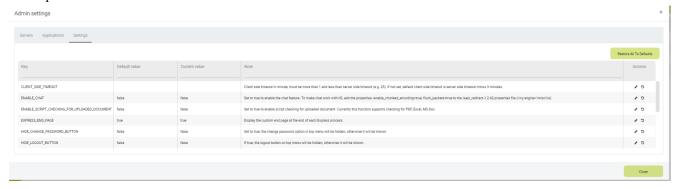


# **Admin settings**

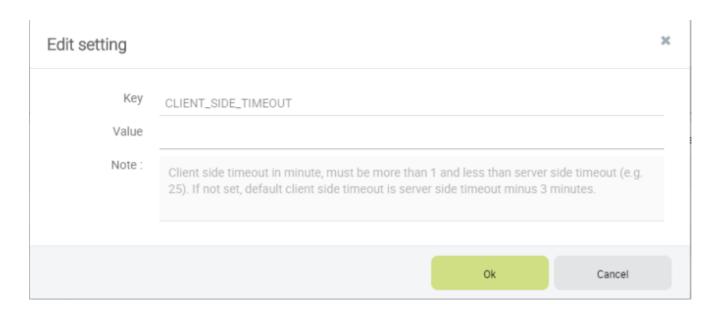
User needs to have role AXONIVY\_PORTAL\_ADMIN to see this menu item, it is used to configure Portal configuration, see different Portal configurations in General concept

## **Global settings**

Global settings for Portal can be set in Settings tab. All available settings with their default value and description are listed in this place.



You can edit value for a specific setting



You can also get back the default value for each setting by clicking reset button on each row, or reset all values of all settings by clicking Restore All To Defaults button

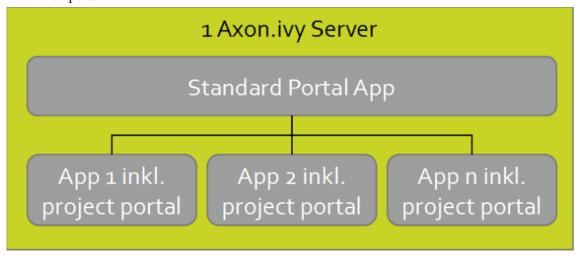
## Setup multi portals



#### **Important**

There are 2 ways to configure portals: two levels and single level

· Two levels portal



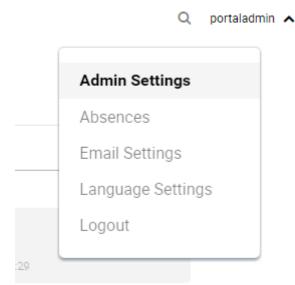
- Used for related applications which we need an overview of all tasks and cases.
- Create a new application named Portal. Deploy portal (kit, template ..) to this application.
- Create new applications: App1, App2, App3... Deploy portal (kit, template ..) to new applications.
- Configure multi-apps Portal on single server: login by Portal Admin. Configure 1 server then configure applications: App1, App2, App3...
- Note that, do not add Portal application, it is reserved for displaying all tasks/cases... from all configured applications.
- Dashboard menu is only visible when logged-in user exists in Portal application.

· Single level portal



- Used for independent applications.
- Create new applications: App1, App2, App3... Deploy portal(kit, template ..) to new applications. Note: must not create an application named Portal.
- Configure multi-apps Portal on single server: login by Portal Admin. Configure 1 server then configure applications: App1, App2, App3...

 $Open \, \text{Admin Settings} \, by \, selecting \, the \, item \, in \, \text{UserMenu} \, on \, the \, topbar, if \, your \, page \, using \, layout \, of \, \text{PortalTemplate} \, item \, in \, \text{UserMenu} \, on \, the \, topbar, if \, your \, page \, using \, layout \, of \, \text{PortalTemplate} \, item \, in \, \text{UserMenu} \, on \, the \, topbar, if \, your \, page \, using \, layout \, of \, \text{PortalTemplate} \, item \, in \, \text{UserMenu} \, on \, the \, topbar, if \, your \, page \, using \, layout \, of \, \text{PortalTemplate} \, item \, in \, \text{UserMenu} \, on \, the \, topbar, if \, your \, page \, using \, layout \, of \, \text{PortalTemplate} \, item \, in \, \text{UserMenu} \, on \, the \, topbar, if \, your \, page \, using \, layout \, of \, \text{PortalTemplate} \, item \, in \, \text{UserMenu} \, on \, the \, topbar, if \, your \, page \, using \, layout \, of \, \text{PortalTemplate} \, item \, in \, \text{UserMenu} \, on \, the \, topbar, if \, your \, page \, using \, layout \, of \, \text{PortalTemplate} \, item \, in \, \text{UserMenu} \, on \, the \, topbar, if \, your \, page \, using \, layout \, of \, \text{PortalTemplate} \, item \, in \, \text{UserMenu} \, on \, the \, topbar, if \, your \, page \, using \, layout \, of \, \text{PortalTemplate} \, item \, in \, \text{UserMenu} \, on \, the \, topbar, if \, your \, page \, using \, layout \, of \, \text{PortalTemplate} \, item \, in \, \text{UserMenu} \, on \, the \, topbar, if \, your \, page \, using \, layout \, of \, \text{PortalTemplate} \, item \, in \, \text{UserMenu} \, on \, the \, topbar, if \, your \, page \, using \, layout \, of \, \text{PortalTemplate} \, item \, in \, \text{UserMenu} \, on \, the \, topbar, if \, your \, page \, using \, layout \, of \, \text{PortalTemplate} \, item \, in \, \text{UserMenu} \, on \, \text{Us$ 





#### **Important**

If your application does not use templates of PortalTemplate project, you have to create a page and use AdminSettings component inside.

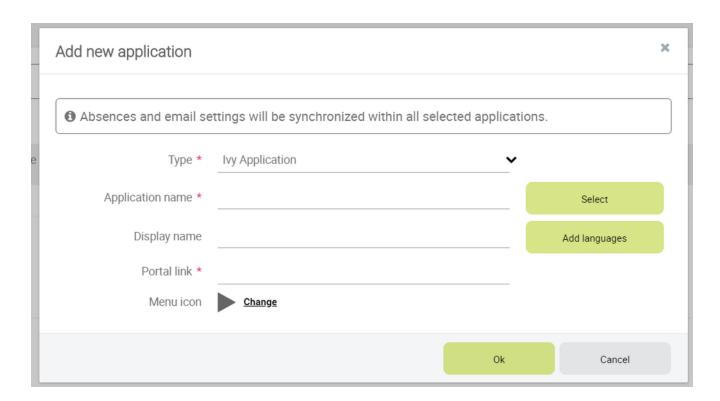


#### Tip

To be able to open Admin Settings dialog, user needs to have role AXONIVY\_PORTAL\_ADMIN .

#### Add a new application

Choose Application tab on Admin Settings dialog and click on New button to add new application. Here you can choose application type either as Ivy application or Third Party application.



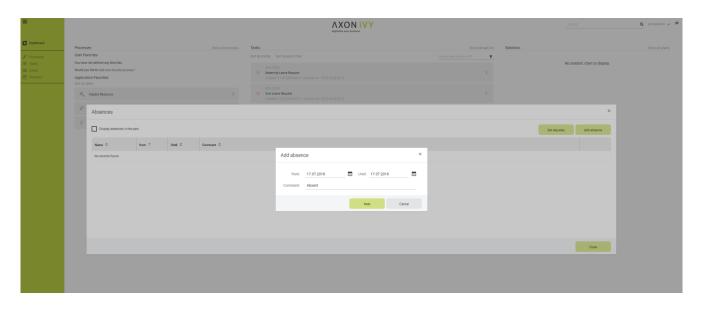


### Tip

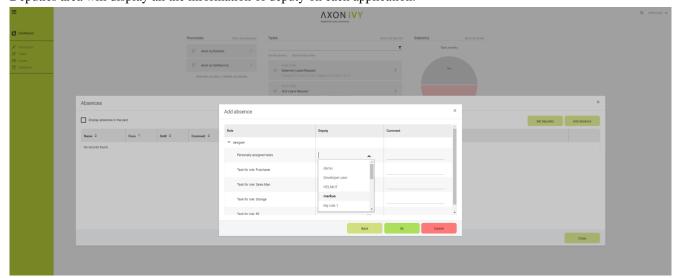
- Application name is the name of the application when you create it. Display name is the name of the application to be shown on Portal UI.
- Portal link specifies the link will be redirected when selecting the application on the application menu. It could be an absolute link (e.g. http://10.123.1.30:8000/ivy/pro/.../PortalStart.ivp) or relative link (e.g. /ivy/pro/.../PortalStart.ivp). If your application could be accessed from multiple domains, use relative link so that you can access the link from different domains.
- For multiple languages of application display name, you need to create the "AppInfo/SupportedLanguages"
   CMS which defines how many languages your application supports. See the below "Language settings" for more details.

# Absence and substitute settings

- Choose Absences from User Settings options.
- To create new Absence, click New Absence to open the dialog as below:



- till/from date must not be empty.
- till date must be greater than or equal from .
- till date must not be in the past (greater than or equal today).
- User can edit or delete Absences by click edit/delete on the Absences list.
- Deputies area will display all the information of deputy on each application.



- User cannot set deputies for hidden roles.
- All the items will be saved after click Save button.

# **Email settings**

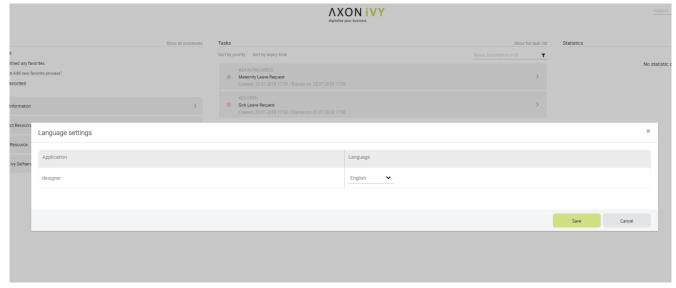
- $\bullet$  To configure mails of Portal applications, select Email Settings in User Settings .
- You can configure one email setting for all applications or each application separately.



- There are 2 types of emails notification: Ivy email notification sent when task is assigned (More information about the email notification can be found here) and other emails sent from processes of customer project.
- All the items will be saved when click save button.

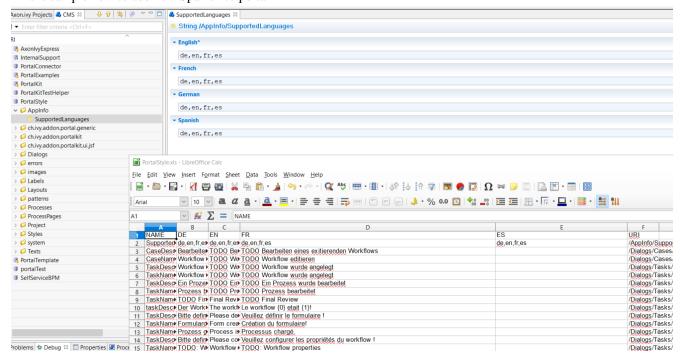
## Language settings

- To configure languages of Portal applications, select Language Settings in User Settings.
- UI reads current languages settings for all applications.
- To change language for application, select one in the languages dropdown list of application. When the change is saved, the language will be set for application (Click on the application in header menu to reload application and see the change of language).



- For multiple languages, the CMS key /AppInfo/SupportedLanguages must exist in your application. From Portal 7.1, this CMS entry is moved to Portal Style. It contains list of all languages supported by your application, separated by comma.
  - Must not contain spaces
  - · Same as display name of Locale
  - · Separated by comma
  - Process model version, which has this CMS, must active

- · To add new language to Portal, what you have to do is
  - Add new language locale to cms entry of Portal Style /AppInfo/SupportedLanguages
  - Export all CMS entries of Portal Style to excel file
  - Add translation of new language for all CMS entries
  - Import file excel back, then redeploy Portal Style
  - · This is sample how to add new Spanish to portal



# **Chapter 7. Troubleshooting**

Here you will find solutions to some of the most common problems related to Axon.ivy Portal.

If you can't find your solution here there are some other sources which could help:

Axon.ivy Q&A

The Axon.ivy Q&A contains a considerable amount of questions and answers related to Axon.ivy Designer and Engine.

· Stack Overflow

Problems related to common technologies like Java, JSF, Primefaces are answered on the web, e.g. on Stack Overflow.

Support

You can get support via support@axonivy.com (support may be subject to charging, depending on your licence agreement).

# **IE Security Problem**

If you start Portal in Internet Explorer installed on Windows Server then Portal application may not work correctly. The reason could be **Internet Explorer Enhanced Security Configuration** is enabled by default which means ActiveX Controls and scripting are disabled, so Internet sites may not display in Internet Explorer as you expect.

To fix this, you may turn off **Internet Explorer Enhanced Security Configuration** if you are running in Windows Server. Another way is adding that site to the Trusted sites zone in Internet Explorer.

## Portal install with IIS

It could be a problem when install portal with IIS with proxy, depends on your environment. Consider to configure if your IIS is called via proxy. Add -Dhttp.proxyHost to VM argument could help.